THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LVIII No. 23—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY, MAY 9th, 1919.

Historical Society

T. BAIRD

ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR

of Trinity Methodist Church.

Teacher of Piano, Organ, and Voice Culture.

A few Pupils more will be accepted.

Studio :—Dundas Street. 38tf

MONUMENTS!

Markers, Posts, Latest Designs.

WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

Place your order now and have a Monument erected this spring.

The Napanee Marble Works

MARKET SQUARE.

DOXSEE & CO.

Many New Styles are now being featured in our

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT for Summer.

Beautiful New Blouses

in Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chene. the very latest models.

Neckwear

New Collars, in Organdy and Silk pleating in Silk and Crepe.

Corsets a Specialty

See our new front laced models.

The Leading Millinery House

The Coal Question!

Notice to our Customers

The price of coal will advance at the mines at least 50c. a ton at the rate of 10c. per month beginning May 1st next.

Both the United States and Canadian railways, notwithstanding the advanced freight of last year, have not been able to meet running expenses for months past.

The probabilities are that freight rates will be advanced in the near future still higher. Therefore there is no cheap coal in sight.

We urge our customers to lay in their next winter's supply at once before we have to advance prices.

CHAS. STEVENS.

27-tf

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Incorporated 1869

Head Office, Montreal

Capital Paid Up.....$14,000,000
Reserve Funds..... 15,500,000

540 Branches

throughout Canada, Nfld., West Indies, in Central and South America,

London, Eng., New York, N.Y.

Savings Department

at all Branches. Deposits received and interest allowed at highest current rates.

Napanee Branch—
R. G. H. Travers, Mgr.

Bath Branch—
G. W. Cuppage, Mgr.

Odessa Branch—
H. Ryckman, Mgr.

Enterprise Branch—
F. J. Hunter, Mgr.

Some Snaps at Less than Cost

12 Galvanized Steel Farm Gates 4ft. by 12 and 13 ft. long.

50 Bags—600 ft. Best Binder Twine.

100 Bags Oil Cake Meal.

Am always ready to buy your hay and grain, and to supply you with all kinds of feed. Cars loaded or unloaded at any and all stations where full car loads can be obtained or sold. First-class store house here. Highest prices paid according to market changes.

OUR NEW GROCERY

One Door West, is nicely stocked with First-Class Goods.—A call will repay you.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE. ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

Council Chamber,
May 5th, 1919

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor J. E. Robinson presiding.

Present—Reeve Graham and councillors MacGregor, Ming, Paul, Lowry, Steacy, and Boyes.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from Chief of Police Barrett asking the council to take into consideration the question of uniforms for himself and constable Beard.

Referred to Police Committee for a report at next meeting.

A communication was read from Mr. E. S. Lapum, treasurer, asking for an increase in salary. Referred to Finance committee for a report at next meeting.

A communication was read from the Pointe Anne Quarries quoting prices for stone.

Referred to Streets committee.

A communication was read from the Imperial Oil Co., acknowledging receipt of order for a car of Imperial Liquid Asphalt, ordered fyled.

A communication was read from The Napanee Waterworks Co. in reference to extension of waterworks system on Bridge st. westerly to York street. They ask for satisfactory assurance from the town that the revenue will be equal to five per cent over and above the revenue derived from the said proposed hydrants on the proposed extension.

Referred to Fire Water and Light committee to report.

A communication was read from J. Ed. Harrison, Warden of the County, in reference to the proposed memorial for our county soldier boys. He asked that the council discuss this matter and formulate their views that when the town's representative attends the June meeting of the County council, he will be in a position to deal with the matter along with the other members of the County council.

Referred to the Finance Committee to make a report along the wishes of the communication at the next meeting of council.

Messrs S. C. Denison, J. W. Hambly, J. W. Hall, and D. L. Greene addressed the council on behalf of a petition which would be presented to the council regarding the repairing of Centre street. The question was liberally discussed and some good suggestions put forward. The question of putting a cement curbing on both sides of this street was very favourably discussed and this matter will receive the attention it deserves.

A committee from the G. W. V. A. was present and asked the council for permission to hold tag days on July 1st and July 12th.

On motion of councillors MacGregor and Paul the request was granted.

On motion of councillors Ming and Paul the fee for the Fall Fair A. dance in the town hall will be refunded to that organization.

Mr. Will Cooper asked the council for a bonus in building a wire fence along his property on the Newburgh road. On motion he was granted 25 cents per rod for about 80 rods of fence.

The Finance committee reported stating that there was still about $5,000 of uncollected taxes.

The Streets committee reported that so far this season they had placed 500 loads of stone on the streets, two streets in Clarksville had been repaired, the river road had been repaired, upon which 140 loads of stone had been placed besides 50 loads of ashes, the road from Dundas to Mill, leading to Light's factory, had been repaired two blocks on Robert, two blocks on Water street had also been repaired besides a lot of patch work. Altogether to date $1119.14 had been spent on streets.

Moved by councillor Paul, seconded by councillor Ming that a distinctive light be placed in front of the Bell Telephone Company's office as a police signal for the night constable. Carried.

The streets committee reported that they had made a settlement with Miss Butcher for her accident on the streets in the early spring.

Coun. Lowry laid before the council a plan for an improved exit from the town hall.

On motion the window at the foot of the stairway leading up into the town hall will be replaced with a door.

Mr. George Stevens, in charge of the fire engine, gave to the council a lucid report of the condition of the fire engine, and today he was satisfied it was in first class condition, and equal to any task it may be called upon to meet. He explained in detail the work he had recently put upon the engine.

A by-law for the purpose of licensing, regulating and governing laundrymen and laundry companies, and for inspecting and regulating laundries in the town of Napanee, was given its several readings and finally passed. The fee was fixed at $10.00

A by-law was passed appointing Mr. R. A. Beard to the position of night constable, at a salary of $600 per year.

Reeve Graham reported in reference to the delegates who went to Toronto in reference to the Provincial Highway coming by way of the Belleville road. He reported that the committee were given to understand that their case would be considered, and they would know by May 15th the result of the visit of the committee.

place concerning a ferry over Consideration discussion took Hay Bay. Present indications are that the Brooks ferry will not be operated, and Reeve Graham asked if the council was interested, and suggested that a committee be appointed to take up and deal with the matter.

The Finance committee was appointed with power to add to their number, to look into the question and report.

Couns. MacGregor reported that town workmen were asking for an increase in wages.

On motion of couns. MacGregor, and Reeve Graham it was decided that the town would adopt the schedule as paid by the county and Provincial Highway namely; 30 cents per hour for men, 40 cents per hour for foremen and 55 cents for teams.

ACCOUNTS

The following accounts were ordered paid

Maddle Hardware Co.....	$ 65
Chas Stevens	16 35
Chas. Stevens	33 45
G. N. W. Telegraph Co...	37
P. Gleeson	22 05
Waterworks Co.....	907 50

The following accounts were refered to committees with power to act: Chas. Stevens, $16.52, streets; $40.35, Town Property; Bell Telephone Co., $23.90, Finance.

Council adjourned.

—o—

ROBLIN

A Quarterly Meeting was held at the Methodist church on Monday afternoon. A large number attended.

The inspector, Mr. Corkill, called at our school on Monday.

Mr. Percy Hartin returned home on Tuesday from the Kingston General Hospital.

Mr. Albert McCracken, Toronto, spent a few days with his father who is very ill.

Mr. Arthur Kimmett and Mr. J. Foster Napanee, spent Sunday the guest of his mother, Mrs. Annie Kimmett.

Miss M. Roberts spent the week-end at her home in Kingston.

Mr. Alvin Richmond called at Mr. C. Kimmett's Sr., on Sunday evening.

A shower will be given for the bride of May 1st, at her father's home, Mr. J. Lasher, on Friday evening. All welcome.

Misses Bird Hughes and Rose Lasher are spending the week-end in town.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Kimmett spent Sunday with Kingston friends.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Howard, Desoronto, called on friends Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Lasher spent Tuesday with their daughter, Mrs. Anson McKeown, Centreville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Graham, Selby, spent a couple of days this week with the parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. McCutcheon.

Mr. and Mrs. Herb. Windover, Selby, motored to Mr. Jack Schermerhorn's on Tuesday evening.

—o—

HONOR ROLL

S. S. No. 8, Kaladar

Form IV—Hazel Parks, 79 per cent.

Form III—Marion Ruttan 56, Clarence Thompson 51, Nellie Thompson.

Form II—Evelyn Parks 87*, Wallace Ruttan 64, Hazel Thompson 62, Arthur Garry 60, Rachel Thompson 60, Hursie Garry 52, Florence Tanness 36.

Form I—Abel Vanness, Howard Lloyd*, Walter Ellis*.

Primer—Bert Ruttan, Fred Lloyd*, Elsie Lloyd*, Lulu Lloyd*, Viola Thompson*.

A—Stewart Thompson, Claudie Parks, Velva Thompson*, Wina Thompson*

MARY WYVILLE,
Teacher.

The number following the names of pupils in Forms II, III, and IV indicate the percentage, taken in examinations. The star indicates absence.

PLEASANT VALLEY

Mr. and Mrs. John Ellison and Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Smith took dinner Thursday at Miss Blanche Cline's.

Mr. F. R. Sills visited over Sunday at W. A. Ballance's, Strathcona.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle visited Monday at Mr. G. H. Rankin's.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Reid spent Sunday at Mr. Merle Sills'.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Smith visited Sunday at Mr. John Milling's.

Mrs. Garfield Sills, and Kenneth spent Tuesday evening at Mrs. Manly Jones'.

The continued rains are holding back seeding.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Sills, and Keith took dinner Sunday at W. R. Pringle's.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. A. Grooms, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Grooms, and baby, Zella, Mr. Roy Grooms and Mr. Don Kelly took dinner Wednesday at Mr. Z. Dean's.

Mr. I. Warner left Saturday for his home in Belleville.

—o—

DENBIGH

Henry Dool and Fred Stein have arrived home from overseas and have come to the conclusion that they are worse places to live in than Denbigh. The latter is going to work his father's farm.

Victor Wienecke, another returned soldier, is going to settle near his old home, and has purchased a nicely situated property in our village and will likely work one of his father's farms.

Lorne Ready who has also done his "bit" in France, and his brother, Andrew, who has just returned home from New Ontario, where he has been employed, also intends to engage in farming, having leased a farm from F. Stein, about a mile west of the village.

Miss Martha Stein, who for several years has been with a large publishing house in Regina, Sask., as stenographer, when informed of her father's, Mr. P. Stein's serious illness, obtained a month's extra vacation to visit him and her old home, but left again a few days ago for the far west to resume her work.

The Misses Katie Marquardt and May Ball, who are teaching schools in Raglan Township, and Miss Gladys Stein, teacher at Eagle Hill school, spent their Easter vacation at their homes, but have again resumed their duties.

Several "welcome home" parties were given lately at homes of returned soldiers, which were well attended, and very much enjoyed, especially by one held last night at the Denbigh House, the home of Fred Stein.

Wm. Gilmour, of Vennachar, has been engaged as cheesemaker for the Denbigh cheese factory for this season and is to commence operations on the 19th inst.

A couple of gangs of men and teams started work again on this end of the Kaladar-Denbigh automobile road.

—o—

NORTHBROOKE

Mr. James Preslar, an old resident of Northbrook, passed peacefully away to his heavenly home on Sunday, April 20th, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. M. Both. The deceased was born in Sheffield, 1831, and in 1856 was united in the bonds of matrimony to Almira Miller, who preceded him to her restful abode in 1908, where she awaited the spirit of her beloved. Nearly thirty years ago, Mr. and Mrs. Preslar took up their abode about a mile east of Northbrooke. They both were workers in the church and social endeavors, being highly esteemed and respected by everyone. Mr. Preslar was also a helper in time of trouble. In case of sickness and distress he did all in his power to restore happiness. His spotless character and constant disposition was admired by all his friends. For twenty years he laid his all on the altar, serving God above everything else. Four daughters and two sons left to mourn the loss of their father: Mrs. Frank Clark, Flinton; Mrs. John Campbell, Ottawa; Mrs. Wm. Both, Northbrook; Mrs. Robert Robinson, Queensborough; Mr. Henry Preslar, United States; and Mr. Marshall Preslar, Napanee. Rev. Mr. Richmond preached the funeral sermon on Tuesday, in the Methodist church, and interment took place in Northbrook cemetery. Those present from a distance were: Mrs. Campbell, and her son and Percy, Ottawa; Mrs. Robert Robinson, Queensborough; Mr. Manson Wheeler and son, Robert, of Tweed; and Mr. Marshall Preslar, Napanee. The relatives from Harlowe also attended the funeral. Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved family.

Mr. Wm. Both and Mr. Lee Cole are repairing the telephone line.

Mr. Herb. Ellis has gone to Kingston to take position.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Miles and family have come to the Ore Chimney Mines for the summer months.

Miss M. Wyvill visited with Mrs. Claude Aikenbrack one day last week.

Miss Mary Renaud visited her sister at the Shier House.

Mr. and Mrs. Sprague, Newburgh, is visiting under the parental roof.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Both, accompanied by Miss M. Wyville, went to Flinton last Sunday to see Mr. Frank Clark, who is very sick.

Miss G. McNaughton spent the Easter week at her home in Actinolite.

Mr. Marshall Preslar brought his cattle back for pasture last week.

Rev. Mr. Seymore, Flinton preached a memorial service for Nettie Thompson, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Thompson, Flinton, in Northbrooke Methodist church, May 4th. Nettie died when the "flu" was raging.

Motor Boat for Sale

35 ft. long, 4 ft. 8 in. beam.

Solid oak trim, full auto control, wind shield, reverse gear, 4 cylinders, 20 h.p., Roberts 2 cycle engine, electric lights, speed about 18 miles per hour. Cost $1100 to build. Will take **$500 cash,** for quick sale.

S. C. DENISON.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Annie Moore.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and Amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Annie Moore, late of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, married woman, deceased, who died on or about the 13th day of March, A. D., 1919, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to T. B. German, Napanee, Ontario, solicitor for Frank Cameron Wilson, executor, of the last will and testament of the said Annie Moore, deceased, on or before the 26th DAY of May, A.D. 1919, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security if any held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 26th day of May, A. D., 1919, the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution hereof.

T. B. GERMAN.
Solicitor for the said Executor.
Dated this 16th day of April, 1919. 20-d

To families and communities—Show your appreciation of your returned soldier by giving him something he will appreciate always—This means a **KODAK.** Prices up to $50.00. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

SIR EDMUND OSLER
President of the Dominion Bank
Toronto

SIR EDMUND OSLER ENDORSES THE WAR SAVINGS CAMPAIGN

President of Dominion Bank says that saving en masse spells prosperity for the country.

Sir Edmund Osler, M.P., is one of the highest authorities on Canadian finance and industrial conditions generally. His endorsation of the War Savings Plan and call to the public to support it is, for this reason, of much importance. In a recent statement he says:—

"It is of the greatest importance that everyone shall come forward and support the Finance Department in raising money for the country's expansion, and to offset the cost of the war. The country's need is greater, or will be in the near future, than it has ever been. It will be a very serious blow to Canada's industries if the public think that the need for supporting the Government's financial measures was over with the finish of the war.

"Saving en masse spells a prosperous community, and to a large extent will do away with the restless conditions prevalent to-day.

"The War Savings campaign and the Penny Bank System, are enabling the children to start off early in life, and cultivate the Saving and Thrifte habit, and, if given the attention it deserves, will be one of the greatest forerunners of Canada's future prosperity.

"Executives and employers will greatly benefit their employees and the country if they will put in concrete form, plans which will enable all in their charge to become savers and investors. In Government securities, as well as encouraging them by giving them their wide range of vision on such subjects.

"The retail merchants must realize that this matter is of enormous importance and do everything in their power to make the purchase of War Savings Stamps and Government bonds easier for the general public."

—o—

Cooper's Cattle Dip preparations are the most satisfactory Disinfectant for all kinds of stock

Wilson's Hardware Store

—o—

NAPANEE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

Report of the Easter Examinations.

Form III A—H. Wallace, E. Allen M. Daly, J. Thompson, A. Mellow, S. Phippen, R. Baldwin, N. Hambly, M. Alexander, F. Russell, M. Brown, M. Dean, L. Allison G. Henderson, H. Clancy, E. Mellow, L. Woodcock, L. Douglas, L. Madill, W. Judson.

Form II, Matriculation—Agnes Irvine, (hon) Mary Reeve, (hon) C. McLean, (hon) G. Maybee, (hon) Lois Derry, Marjorie Joyce, B. Thompson, A. Dawson, Dorothy Sine, K. Wilson, D. Scott, H. Moon. Not classified, Pearl Vanalstine.

Form I A—Grace Russell (hon) W. Perry, Lillian Birchell, Georgina Exley, Grace Winter, Vivian Exley, Berniece Rikley, Eileen Pringle, G. Empey, Jessie Cook, E. Vanalstine, Tavernor and Winifred Harrison. A. Hill, B. Vandebogart, A. Miller, A. Killorin, Ethel Jayne, W. Barrett, J. Fitzpatrick, R. Empey.

Junior Teachers—Elsie Magee, (hon) Dorothy Sagar, Viola Craven, Marion Wales, Evelyn Sheridan, Ethel Tavernor and Annie Card, Katie O'Connell, Agnes Loyst, Annie McCutcheon, Mary Jordan, Edith Alexander, Edith Mason, Mary Denison, Lorne Davern.

—o—

BEANS! BEANS! BEANS!

M. B. Mills wants all your White Beans. Must be handpicked and clean. Bring in samples and get prices.

17-tf

—o—

Ramsays, Floglaze, Brandram Henderson and Economy Paints—Campbell's Varnish Stain and Floglaze Auto-finish, Viltrolite and Copaline Varnish. All for sale at WALLACE'S. P.S.—We still have quite an assortment of colors in Elephant, Prism, and Economy Paints at 95c. per quart. WALLACE'S, the Leading Drug Store.

The Finest Flavoured Tea

"SALADA" is hill-grown tea—grown on plantations high up on the hills in the Island of Ceylon. The leaf is small and tender with a rich, full flavour.

"SALADA"

is always of unvarying good quality. Will you be content with ordinary tea when you can get "SALADA"? 2492

Fortune Is Built On Saving

If you have to work hard for your money make your money work hard for you.

Our Savings Department pays 3% per annum and this interest is added to your principal twice a year.

THE DOMINION BANK 495

NAPANEE BRANCH: F. COTTLE, Manager.

War Bond Interest Coupons and Cheques Cashed Free.

The Merchants Bank will cash all War Loan coupons or interest cheques when due, on presentation, without making any charge whatever for the service.

If you have not a Savings Account, why not use your interest money to open one with This Bank?

61

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA Established 1864.

Head Office: Montreal.

NAPANEE BRANCH, E. R. CHECKLEY, Manager.
YARKER BRANCH, J. W. McLYMONT, Manager.

Sub-Agency at Verona open Daily.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee

Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 23, Residence 152.

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College and of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.
'Phone 61. 34

U. M. WILSON,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace. PHONES—Office 46, residence 125. OFFICE—Dundas Street, Napanee. 19-tf.

NOTICE—I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts incurred by my wife, Elida Meeks. SEWARD MEEKS. 22-cp

LADY CLERK WANTED — For patent medicines, toilet articles, stationery, confectionery, etc. Apply to G. W. NIXON, the Napanee Drug Co. 22

NOTICE—The public are hereby warned that I refuse to be responsible for any debts contracted by any person in my name without my written authority to pledge credit. W. RICHARDSON, Jr.
Napanee, April 30th, 1919. 22-cp

FOR SALE—A good 50 acres of pasture land, fairly well fenced, and watered, and a quantity of valuable elm timber, lot 23, in the 6th concession of Richmond, better known as the Burke place, at Sharpe's Corners. Also TEAM FOR SALE—A good young team of General Purpose Horses, one gelding, one mare, weight about 2,750 lbs. For further particulars apply to TIM HEFFERNAN, R. M. D. No. 1, Hoblin, Ont. 23-cp

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One Seed Store on Dundas Street: one Store House and Evaporator, on Water Street. Apply to Thos. Symington. 8tf

SEED FOR SALE—A large quantity of Longfellow Seed Corn test 98 per cent. Gold Vine Peas and some other Timothy for sale. Apply THOS. RUSSELL, Selby P. O. 20-tf

PURSE LOST—In Napanee, on Monday, February 17th, a black leather purse containing one twenty dollar bill. Finder will please leave at this office. 19

PURE BRED—Large English Berkshire Boar for service, also one Yorkshire. Fee $1.00 at time of service. A. McCUTCHEON, Hoblin, Ont. 14-tf

TO LET — Good frame house on Water Street. Good garden land and out water. Possession April 15th. Apply to G. A. BLEWITT, Napanee. 12-tf

STRAWBERRY PLANTS FOR SALE—I have a few Strawberry Plants at $1.00 per hundred or $7.50 per thousand. Also hay at $15.00 per ton. A. C. PARKS, Napanee, R. R. No. 3. 21

BOAT HOUSES — For Sale and To Rent.—One boat house in excellent location, suitable for ... canoes and dinghies. For Sale: also one other suitable for skiffs, canoes and dinghies For Rent. Apply to J. M. SIMPSON. 17-tf

MOUNT PLEASANT YORKSHIRES

YOUNG PIGS FOR SALE—Bred from prize sow at Guelph, to select prize boar at Toronto and first at London. Long chrifty type. The same boar for service. Address George E. Griffin, fee $1.50 at time of delivery. PRINGLE, R. R. No. 4, Napanee, Ont. 20-b

Buy an Incubator from MILLS the Poultry man and hatch all the chicks you can this year to meet the great demand and high prices that are sure to follow the close of the war. Give your order for an incubator now and be ready before the hatching time comes. He sells the Gyphers hot air and the Buckeye hot water machines, the most reliable and satisfactory and self regulating hatchers on the market. Mills wants your surplus hens and chicks all the time. Fetch them in. Shop near Gleeson's coal yard. Canada food board license 7-7114.

24 Years the same "good" tea

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Sold only in sealed packages

126

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD, EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion. If in ordinary type. In Small type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

W. G. WILSON,

BARRISTER,

Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc

P. O. Box 620, Telephone No. 83.

OFFICE — North Side Dundas Street Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE

Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. S. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor,

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street John Napanee

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Also House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between Centre and Robert Streets, Napanee. 3-17

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS

'Phone 208

The Candy Store.

Hundreds of Thousands of WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL

DICTIONARIES are in use by business men, engineers, bankers, judges, architects, physicians, farmers, teachers, librarians, clergymen, successful men and women the world over.

Are You Equipped to Win?

The New International provides the means to success. It is an all-knowing teacher, a universal question answerer.

If you seek efficiency and advancement why not make daily use of this vast fund of information?

400,000 Vocabulary Terms. 2700 Pages. 6000 Illustrations. Colored Plates. 30,000 Geographical Subjects. 12,000 Biographical Entries.

Regular and India-Paper Editions.

Write for specimen pages, prices, etc. Free, a set of Pocket Maps if you name this paper.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Springfield, Mass.

9-3m

Why do painters and those who know use and recommend Copalline Varnishes? Because it dries quickly with a beautiful gloss—will not turn white with water, and wears like iron. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S, the Leading Drug Store.

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile from 2 1-2 to 8 inch, also chimney brick—Napanee Brick Yard.

ITALY MAY GET FIUME

Will Remain an Open Port For Short Period.

Delegates at Peace Conference Has Proposed a Settlement of the Dispute With the Italian and Premier Orlando and Baron Sonnino Are Returning to Sign the Peace Treaty.

LONDON, May 6.—According to a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Paris the question regarding Fiume has been settled in full agreement with the Italian Government on the basis that Fiume shall remain an autonomous port for two years, when it will be assigned to Italy.

Signor Orlando, the Italian Premier, and his Foreign Minister, Baron Sonnino, are returning to Paris from Rome, where they have been since they quitted the Peace Conference for a week and owing to inability to obtain what Italy considered concessions which would satisfy Italian ambitions.

The information regarding Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino came from the Italian Ambassador in Paris. He transmitted it to the French Foreign Ministry, which immediately informed the heads of the Allied and Associated Governments. The Italian representatives will reach Paris Wednesday, it was stated.

As the main work of the Peace Conference nears its close the air is filled with rumors of this or that complication, which is mildly or grossly exaggerated according to the bias or judgment of those who are inclined to take a gloomy view. It is true that many of the problems just solved or about to be disposed of present embarrassing features. This was realized from the beginning, for in the effort to adjust the world's affairs after they had been in a state of chaos for a long time, satisfaction cannot be given to everybody. But, taken as a whole, the result of the peacemakers' labors to show signs of having been accomplished better than conditions a few weeks ago appeared to warrant.

Most of the present agitation centres around the Italian disagreement and the decision by the Council of Three to cede to Japan the alleged rights possessed by Germany in the Shantung peninsula. President Wilson particularly is bitterly criticized for assenting to the Shantung settlement. The protesting statement of the Chinese Peace delegation has doubtedly made a strong impression here, where the opinion exists that the Shantung settlement was forced on one of the corner-stones of opposition to ratification of the Peace Treaty when it comes before the United States Senate.

The Italians are making much of the council's decision in the Chinese matter, holding that it is entirely inconsistent with the proposed adjustment of the Fiume question, and shows Italy has been treated with less consideration than the other Allies. Japan put up a bluff which the council was afraid to call, according to the Italians, whose information, judged from surface indications, has not abated materially since Premier Orlando left Paris for Rome.

CANADA'S WAR TROPHIES.

Collection Will Be Second to None In British Empire.

LONDON, May 6.—When Sir Edward Kemp returns to Canada he will request the Government to provide suitable accommodation for the huge collection of trophies captured by the Canadians during the war, or afterwards collected. One suggestion is that space might be obtained in a building which, it is understood, Beaverbrook is to erect at his own expense at Nepean Point, Ottawa, in which to house war records.

Prinz Eitel Friedrich's helmet, Hindenburg's sword, and the telephone used by Ludendorff at Spa are among the trophies. The Canadians also have a large number of documents establishing the German atrocities, such as the execution of Capt. Fryatt. Up to the present 107 field guns, 19 trench mortars, and 248 machine guns have been shipped to Canada, but there are many more hundreds to be sent as well as tanks, shells, gas cylinders, searchlights and telephones. A special allotment of 5,000 German rifles and bayonets has been made to Canada. The total realized by the sale of ammunition which will require a large building to accommodate it. When all the trophies are gathered together, Canada will have a display second to none in the British Empire.

Two hundred and fifty German airplanes have just been presented to Canada by the War Office, and will be included in the Dominion's collection. Canada already has 42 enemy planes as well as a number of component parts, and has asked the French and Italian Governments for additional donations of aeronautical equipment. Besides the planes in Canada, will be a large quantity of airship equipment, such as sausage balloons, Zeppelin engines, etc.

Hostages Were Shot.

BERLIN, May 6. — Among the hostages said to have been shot in Munich by the Communists before they were overpowered were Prince Albert of Thurn and Taxis, Prince von Wrede, Privy Councillor Albert Dosderein and Prof. Frans von Stuck.

Prince Albert was head of the Bavarian branch of the family of Thurn and Taxis. He was married to Archduchess Marguerite of Austria and was one of the leading nobles of Bavaria.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Canada is to have a new Air Board.

Corn and pork dropped heavily in Chicago.

Winnipeg City Council voted against daylight saving by 8 to 5.

Hollinger Mine advanced upwards of 25 points on the Toronto Exchange.

Martial law has been declared in all Bavarian territory east of the Rhine.

The royal commission on license matters, in its findings, exonerated J. A. Ayearst.

A vigorous immigration policy was outlined in the Commons by Hon. James A. Calder.

Labor men addressed a meeting of representative Anglicans at St. James' Parish House, Toronto.

Closing exercises were held at the Ontario Veterinary College, where interesting addresses were delivered.

The food situation in Czecho-Slovakia is considerably improved and the general economic outlook is good.

Regina Trades and Labor Council endorsed the "One Big Union," while the Winnipeg Typographical Union voted against it.

An arbitration board has awarded an increase of $25 a month in salary and the introduction of an eight-hour day for employes of the Canadian Express Co.

The members of Brantford City Council, after all speaking commendingly of Mayor MacBride's efficiency, increased his honorarium from $1,400 to $1,700.

The International Socialist Conference, in session at Arnhem, has passed a resolution that Palestine should be an independent state, and a member of the League of Nations.

Reports from Saloniki state that in large number of convicts have been liberated from the jails at Sofia and sent to Strumnitza to aid in a Bulgarian campaign against the Greeks.

The Ontario Federation of Labor, meeting in its fourth annual convention at Guelph, adopted a resolution setting the minimum price for haircutting at 50c; another resolution urges abolition of the order-in-Council preventing free speech.

THURSDAY.

Metal workers in Toronto went on strike.

The Press Censor ceased yesterday to direct press censorship.

The Medical Freedom League of Ottawa, anti-vaccination organization, has been formed.

The King's Plate race will be run at the Woodbine race track in Toronto on Saturday, May 24.

Everard Butler, former champion American and Canadian sculler, has announced his retirement.

Letter-carriers are to be clothed in khaki, with Stetson hats and shirt waists in the summer months.

The Non-partisan League of Alberta and the United Farmers have practically united for political action.

John Bean, an Indian said to be more than a hundred years old, died in his shanty near Vosburg, Kent county.

Munich has been completely invested by Government troops, but an attack on the city has not yet been made.

Sir Adam Beck, addressing Conservatives in Toronto, made a vigorous reply to Hon. J. D. Reid, Minister of Railways.

Major Wood, a Liberal, defeated the Coalition Unionist and Labor candidates in the central district of Aberdeen and Kincardine.

The request of the Belgians for an immediate advance in the share of the German indemnity is to be complied with by the Conference.

Rev. Ben Spence was found guilty of publishing literature banned by the censor and was fined in the Toronto police court $500 or four months in jail.

The Japanese question at the Peace Conference, concerning Kiao-Chau, has been settled. Germany will surrender the port to Japan, which will in turn hand it over to China in due time.

The territorial terms to be presented to Germany involve for her the loss of seventy per cent. of her iron ore, a third of her coal deposits, twenty per cent. of her potash, and between 7,400,000 and 8,000,000 of her pre-war population.

FRIDAY.

A reprieve of one month, it is reported, has been granted to Frank McCullough.

Trasserville, Que., has repealed local prohibition that had been in force two years.

Three U. S. hydro airplanes are arranging to start on a cruise to Europe next week.

The Empress of Britain has sailed for Quebec with 137 officers and 3,000 other troops.

Doukhobors, Hutterites and Mennonites are forbidden entry into Canada from to-day until further orders.

Banquets to returned soldiers were tendered by business men at the Armories, Toronto, and by various churches.

The Chinese delegation to the Peace Conference has issued an official statement on the Kiao-Chau agreement.

The War Magic, sister ship to the War Fiend, which has landed a cargo of Canadian grain in Sicily, was launched at Midland.

The Camborne and Cold Springs Community Club has been organized to promote healthful, clean sport and improve the social life of the community.

May Day witnessed a strike of 3,000 men in Ottawa in the building trades, 1,400 shipbuilders in Toronto, in Halifax, and 3,000 metal workers in Toronto.

Sergt. Rolph of the Canadian army was disqualified in the fifteenth round in a 20-round bout for the light heavyweight championship of England.

Richard Sargent, a night watchman at a St. Catharines factory, died as the result of a murderous attack upon him by unknown persons at midnight Monday; he never regained consciousness.

SATURDAY.

The Mauretania sails to-day with about five thousand returning Canadian troops.

Reports from Berlin seemed to confirm the capture of Munich by Government troops.

Four hundred unorganized women workers joined the strike of the metal trade in Toronto.

A Minneapolis promoter has offered $15,000 for the privilege of staging the Willard-Dempsey bout.

Charles Cooper was hanged at North Bay for the murder of Theodore Taylor, near Tomstown, on the 25th May last.

Private advices from Paris to Washington say that Marshal Joffre has not changed his plans for visiting America again.

Closing exercises were held at the Ontario Veterinary College, where interesting addresses were delivered.

The food situation in Czecho-Slovakia is considerably improved and the general economic outlook is good.

Regina Trades and Labor Council endorsed the "One Big Union," while the Winnipeg Typographical Union voted against it.

An arbitration board has awarded an increase of $25 a month in salary and the introduction of an eight-hour day for employes of the Canadian Express Co.

The members of Brantford City Council, after all speaking commendingly of Mayor MacBride's efficiency, increased his honorarium from $1,400 to $1,700.

The International Socialist Conference, in session at Arnhem, has passed a resolution that Palestine should be an independent state, and a member of the League of Nations.

Reports from Saloniki state that in large number of convicts have been liberated from the jails at Sofia and sent to Strumnitza to aid in a Bulgarian campaign against the Greeks.

The Ontario Federation of Labor, meeting in its fourth annual convention at Guelph, adopted a resolution setting the minimum price for haircutting at 50c; another resolution urges abolition of the order-in-Council preventing free speech.

THURSDAY.

Metal workers in Toronto went on strike.

The Press Censor ceased yesterday to direct press censorship.

The Medical Freedom League of Ottawa, anti-vaccination organization, has been formed.

The King's Plate race will be run at the Woodbine race track in Toronto on Saturday, May 24.

Everard Butler, former champion American and Canadian sculler, has announced his retirement.

Letter-carriers are to be clothed in khaki, with Stetson hats and shirt waists in the summer months.

The Non-partisan League of Alberta and the United Farmers have practically united for political action.

John Bean, an Indian said to be more than a hundred years old, died in his shanty near Vosburg, Kent county.

Munich has been completely invested by Government troops, but an attack on the city has not yet been made.

Sir Adam Beck, addressing Conservatives in Toronto, made a vigorous reply to Hon. J. D. Reid, Minister of Railways.

Major Wood, a Liberal, defeated the Coalition Unionist and Labor candidates in the central district of Aberdeen and Kincardine.

The request of the Belgians for an immediate advance in the share of the German indemnity is to be complied with by the Conference.

Rev. Ben Spence was found guilty of publishing literature banned by the censor and was fined in the Toronto police court $500 or four months in jail.

The Japanese question at the Peace Conference, concerning Kiao-Chau, has been settled. Germany will surrender the port to Japan, which will in turn hand it over to China in due time.

The territorial terms to be presented to Germany involve for her the loss of seventy per cent. of her iron ore, a third of her coal deposits, twenty per cent. of her potash, and between 7,400,000 and 8,000,000 of her pre-war population.

FRIDAY.

A reprieve of one month, it is reported, has been granted to Frank McCullough.

Trasserville, Que., has repealed local prohibition that had been in force two years.

Three U. S. hydro airplanes are arranging to start on a cruise to Europe next week.

The Empress of Britain has sailed for Quebec with 137 officers and 3,000 other troops.

Doukhobors, Hutterites and Mennonites are forbidden entry into Canada from to-day until further orders.

Banquets to returned soldiers were tendered by business men at the Armories, Toronto, and by various churches.

The Chinese delegation to the Peace Conference has issued an official statement on the Kiao-Chau agreement.

The War Magic, sister ship to the War Fiend, which has landed a cargo of Canadian grain in Sicily, was launched at Midland.

The Camborne and Cold Springs Community Club has been organized to promote healthful, clean sport and improve the social life of the community.

May Day witnessed a strike of 3,000 men in Ottawa in the building trades, 1,400 shipbuilders in Toronto, in Halifax, and 3,000 metal workers in Toronto.

Sergt. Rolph of the Canadian army was disqualified in the fifteenth round in a 20-round bout for the light heavyweight championship of England.

Richard Sargent, a night watchman at a St. Catharines factory, died as the result of a murderous attack upon him by unknown persons at midnight Monday; he never regained consciousness.

SATURDAY.

The Mauretania sails to-day with about five thousand returning Canadian troops.

Reports from Berlin seemed to confirm the capture of Munich by Government troops.

Four hundred unorganized women

STORM ON HIGH SEAS.

Airmen Are Waiting Patiently In Newfoundland.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., May 6.—Ships having once again forsaken the North Atlantic track on account of the stormy weather, only a few reports from mid-Atlantic as to atmospheric conditions reached here today. Wireless reports from two ships off the track, however, advised that the area of depression was again moving northeast on to the course to be followed in the transatlantic flight.

The rain, the visibility and the unfavorable winds here led the Martinsyde and Sopwith fliers to decide not to attempt the start, especially in view of the doubt as to the conditions farther out.

Raynham, the Martinsyde pilot, continued to search for a new airdrome, and Hawker, the Sopwith pilot, is likewise contemplating a move. As both men are anxious to be able to start in any local wind when the Atlantic conditions are favorable. Both men will probably retain their present hotels even if they choose new ones, Raynham especially having an ideal present location in the vicinity of the best local wind. Hawker last midnight tested his instruments for the first time in the air, and found the illumination satisfactory.

As a means of relieving the physical strain the men in the twenty hours or more of continuous flying required for the transatlantic flight, Capt. Raynham has equipped his Martinsyde with a rubber band attachment by which the controls are set. Raynham's navigator said that the machine was easily headed in the desired direction with lateral and longitudinal stability reasonably assured by adjusting the rubber bands to the "joystick" and rudder.

Hawker has installed two heating devices in his Sopwith hangar to keep the engine warm for the instant readiness for instant flight. He announced that he has retained the Van-Sbaden propeller tested a week ago.

NEW STATUS FOR CANADA.

Dominion Will Have Permanent Agent In Washington.

OTTAWA, May 6.—Canada is to have at Washington a permanent representative "whose functions" Sir Robert Borden told the House on Monday, "must have wider scope than merely dealing with matters of trade." It was stated that the Canadian agent at the United States capital is now the subject of discussion between Sir Robert Borden and the Imperial Government. The latter, however, was stated to have agreed to the principle that the Dominion should have its own representative at Washington. The announcement was made when the House was in committee of supply and was discussing an item of $50,000 for the Canadian War Mission and expenses connected therewith. Ralph Dent of Woodstock was at work Friday, took ill that night with spinal meningitis, and died twenty-four hours later.

Three thousand packing-house employes decided at a mass meeting in Toronto to go on strike unless the union is recognized.

A pipe organ in memory of five members of the congregation who died in war was dedicated at Chapleau Methodist Church.

It is stated in Allied circles in Vienna that the Allied commanders will not enter Budapest, but maintain its encirclement.

Attempts were made recently in Vladivostok on the life of Gen. Horvath. Canadians assisted in the capture of the conspirators.

William T. Strong, a prominent business man of London, died of pneumonia and blood poisoning following a minor operation.

The Government troops have captured the whole of Munich except the Glaubin quarter, where the Communists have made frequent attempts to negotiate.

Complete electrification of the railway system of Montreal harbor, and a million-dollar coal storage plant, are among improvements to be started at once.

Ex-Prohibition Commissioner W. C. Findlay of British Columbia admitted having exported 350 cases of whiskey to Washington State as a private venture.

TUESDAY.

Toronto City Council has drafted its plans for municipal housing.

Canadian whiskey is to be permitted to be imported freely into Britain.

Stratford Chamber of Commerce is asking the banks to remain open until 1 o'clock on Saturdays.

Four transports are on the Atlantic, bringing home more than seven thousand Canadian troops.

Trading on the Toronto mining market was the heaviest for several years, reaching 287,000 shares.

Two women were fatally scalded and another seriously injured when a mangle exploded at a laundry in Vancouver.

The Finnish Red Guards are now masters of the situation at Petrograd, according to a Copenhagen despatch.

Tex Rickard announces that the boxing contest between Willard and Dempsey will take place at Toledo on July 4th.

Confirmation of the unconditional surrender of the Hungarian Government has been received in a despatch from Vienna.

A carload of lawn bowlers from Saskatoon, Sask., will come to Niagara-on-the-Lake to attend the annual O.B.A. tournament.

A secret plenary session of the Peace Conference has been called to meet at three o'clock to-day at the French Foreign Office.

The situation in Lemberg, Galicia, has greatly improved, according to despatches. The Ukrainians have been driven back by the Poles.

Rev. Dr. Ferguson, Home Mission Superintendent for Southern Alberta, declares there is no need for alarm about Mormon encroachments.

Three hundred trees, the gift of E. J. Zavitz, Provincial Forester, are to be planted on the Waterloo County Golf and Country Golf grounds.

An inter-allied committee has reached an agreement upon the terms of the treaty relative to a disarmament of the Bulgarian army, according to information from Bucharest.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

WALLACE'S

FIGHTING BOLSHEVISM

Revolution Crushed by German Government.

Spartacans Have Been Defeated In Bavaria and the Leaders of the Munich Commune Are to Be "Removed" as Soon as They Are Captured by the Authorities—Credit Given Herr Noske.

BERLIN, May 6.—Desperate fighting between Government forces and Communists is proceeding north and east of Munich, according to advices received here. Already more than 1,000 persons are reported to have been killed.

The Red Guards, before evacuating Munich, destroyed all documents at police headquarters, wiping out the records of fifty years.

Bavarian Government troops forced their way into Munich from the north Thursday evening in the neighborhood of the railway station, according to official advices received here.

Disintegration of the Red Army is proceeding apace. The majority of the populace received the Government troops joyously, some participating in the fighting by firing on the Red Guards.

The Spartacan and Communist leaders took vengeance on hostages they were holding, according to a Bamberg despatch. Among those reported to have been killed are Gen. Count von Botmer, Baron von Hertzwurg and several industrial magnates.

The town of Rosenheim, 32 miles south of Munich, failing to surrender as agreed by the Spartacans, was attacked by a volunteer force from Passau and captured after some bitter fighting.

The commander of the Bavarian Red army, Herr Eglhofer, was shot and killed this morning after being sentenced to death by court-martial, according to a Bamberg message to the Berliner Tageblatt.

The Hoffman Government has announced, the Tageblatt says, that the Communist leaders are being treated as they treated the hostages they took, ten of whom were shot in the Luitpold gymnasium.

Among the members of the Government forces killed during the recent fighting was Gen. Nageleichberg, Minister of Education and Enlightenment in the Bavarian Soviet Government, who recently fled from Munich, has been shot by Government troops at Starnberg.

Bavarian Spartacan forces have blown up a trainload with republican troops near Munich. Three hundred dead soldiers, the message says, have been taken from the wreckage.

Last Hope Gone.

BERLIN, May 6.—The failure of the Munich insurrection marks the collapse of the last important Communist stronghold in Germany, and the last hope for the Ebert and Scheidemann Government is heaving a deep sigh of relief, once more thanking Gustave Noske who bequeathed them Herr Noske, their Minister of Defence.

The reorganized political secret service which the Liebknecht Red guards forcibly disbanded November 9, are at work again and are keeping close account of the revolutionary machinations. In a lengthy discussion of the situation the chief of the secret service issued to his correspondents that the Communists are now pretty well out of funds, as the Russian ruble has been kicked out of Germany.

This, he declared, was the deciding factor for the ending of their political power, with respect to inciting coal strikes, one of their favorite occupations.

"The German Bolsheviki," said the chief, "are pinning their last hope on a possible failure in obtaining peace and delaying the improvement of the food situation."

Soviet Troops Defeated.

LONDON, May 6.—A War Office official report says that Archangel advices have been received to the effect that serious enemy attacks, local attempts to have begun on the Dvina and Vaga front. A message from the Dvina front on Thursday says that the enemy's gunboats shelled the Allied positions spasmodically, but were forced to withdraw, owing to the gunfire.

A Vaga front despatch Friday says that after a long bombardment the enemy delivered an attack in great strength, being repulsed everywhere with great loss. In the forest the enemy suffered heavy casualties, leaving forty dead lying on the wire. Gen. Ironside says the Allied troops fought splendidly.

The ice of the Dvina river has completely broken up from Archangel and is moving out. It is expected that the river will be navigable for gunboats within a week.

A Youthful Assassin.

PARIS, May 6.—Another attempt against Premier Clemenceau apparently has been frustrated by the arrest of a 19-year-old youth, who was seized near the entrance of M. Clemenceau's house. The youth, whose name is Cornillon, was carrying a stiletto and had in his possession a murderous determination. He declared that he did not want to kill the Premier, but desired only to make a gesture.

Cornillon was acquainted with Emile Cottin, who recently shot M. Clemenceau. He met Cottin in 1918 when both were cadets in Paris. Cornillon hails from Venay.

The accused had admitted to the police that he intended to attack M. Clemenceau with a knife which he carried. A black flag with anarchistic inscriptions was found in his possession.

"Reds" Blow Up Train.

LONDON, May 6.—Bavarian Spartacan forces have blown up a train crowded with Republican troops near Munich, according to the Zurich correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Co. Three hundred dead soldiers, the message adds, have been taken from the wreckage.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy. It is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, May 6.—Quotations on the Board of Trade yesterday were as follows:

Manitoba Wheat (in Store, Ft. William).
No. 1 northern, $2.24½.
No. 2 northern, $2.21½.
No. 3 northern, $2.17½.
No. 4 wheat, $2.11.
Manitoba Oats (in Store, Fort William).
No. 2 C.W., 72½c.
No. 3 C.W., 75½c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 71½c.
No. 1 feed, 69½c.
No. 2 feed, 66½c.
Manitoba Barley (in Store, Ft. William).
No. 3 C.W., $1.13½.
No. 4 C.W., $1.07½.
Rejected, $1.03½.
Feed, 98½c.
American Corn (Track, Toronto, Prompt Shipment).
No. 2 yellow, $1.87.
No. 4 yellow, $1.34.
Ontario Oats (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2 white, 74c to 76c.
Ontario Wheat (F.O.B., Shipping Points, According to Freights).
No. 1 winter, per car lot, $2.11 to $2.20.
No. 2 winter, per car lot, $2.11 to $2.15.
No. 3 winter, per car lot, $2.07 to $2.13.
No. 1 spring, per car lot, $2.06 to $2.17.
No. 2 spring, per car lot, $2.02 to $2.13.
No. 3 spring, per car lot, $2.02 to $2.10.
Peas (According to Freights Outside), No. 2, $2.60.
Barley (According to Freights Outside). Malting, nominal.
Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside). No. 2, $1.20.
Rye (According to Freights Outside), No. 2, nominal.
Manitoba Flour.
Government standard, $11.50, Toronto.
Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment, in Jute Bags).
Government standard, $10.20 to $10.30, Montreal, $10.20 to $10.30, Toronto.
Millfeed, Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal Freights, Bags Included).
Bran, $42.
Shorts, per ton, $44.
Good feed flour, per bag, $2.65 to $2.67.
Hay (Track, Toronto).
No. 1, per ton, $26 to $28.
Mixed, per ton, $20 to $24.
Straw (Track, Toronto).
Car lots, per ton, $10 to $11.
Farmers' Market.
Fall wheat—No. 1, $2.15 per bushel.
Spring wheat—No. 2, $2.13 per bushel.
Goose wheat—No. 2, $2.08 per bushel.
Barley—Malting, $1.15 per bushel.
Oats—80c to 81c per bushel.
Buckwheat—Nominal.
Hay—Timothy, $21 to $22 per ton; mixed and clover, $20 to $21 per ton.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

J. P. Bickell & Co., Standard Bank Building, report the following prices on the Chicago Board of Trade:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Corn—					
May	172	172	166¼	166¼	171
July	163¾	172	163¼	163¾	168¾
Sept.	160	167	160	164¾	164¾
Oats—					
May	71	71¾	69¼	69¾	70¾
July	72¾	73¾	70¾	70¾	72¾
Sept.	71¾	73¼	68¾	69¼	70¾
Pork—					
May	53.70			51.70	53.70
July	52.25	52.25	51.50	51.50	51.50
Lard—					
May	33.35	33.50	32.35	32.45	32.07
July	32.30	32.40	32.10	32.10	31.70
Ribs—					
May	28.85			29.80	28.95
July	28.35	28.40	28.15	28.17	28.30

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, May 6.—With the knowledge that the 3000 odd employes of the Big packing firms were going out on strike at 10 o'clock yesterday, pre-supposing no prior agreement had been arrived at, trading at the Union Stock Yards yesterday morning opened very inauspiciously. Fortunately the receipts, due to the cessation of the commission houses, were not large, 2788 head, and while the big plants were, to all intents and purposes, out of the market, a lot of stuff changed hands at fair prices.

Taken on the whole, while it is estimated that between 1000 and 1100 cattle are in the yards, where sales were made, the decline would probably be around 25c per cwt. Some good loads of steers on which 15c was bid are still unsold.

As for the hogs, there will be no further deliveries, it is expected, pending some settlement of the trouble. Dating from this time forward, the plants will discriminate against the sale of stags to the extent of $7, and on sows $4.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Receipts 4,000; good slow. 25c to 55c lower; others steady. Price steers, $16.60 to $17.25; shipping steers; $15.50 to $16; butchers, $10 to $15.50; heifers, $11 to $16; butchers, $10 to $15.50; yearlings, $10 to $15.25; heifers, $8 to $13; calves, $8 to $12.50; bulls, $7.50 to $15.50; stockers and feeders, $8 to $15.60; fresh cows and springers steady, $65 to $160.

Calves—Receipts, 2,300; active and steady, $6 to $15.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 9,600; pigs, 50c higher; others 10c to 25c lower. Heavy, mixed and yorkers, $21.50; light yorkers, $20.50 to $21; pigs, $20.50; roughs, $18.50 to $19; stags, $12 to $15.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000, active. Lambs, $10 to $17; yearlings, $10 to $14.50; wethers, $13 to $13.50; ewes, $5 to $12.50; mixed, $12.75 to $13.25.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 5—Hogs—Receipts, 35,000; market closed firm. Advance 25c to 50c above Saturday's general trade; top, $21.75; estimated tomorrow, 27,000; bulk, $20.85 to $21.60; heavy weight, $20.90 to $21.75; medium weight, $20.80 to $21.65; light weight, $20.50 to $21.60; light light, $19.90 to $20.50; heavy packing sows, smooth, $19.25 to $20.00; packing sows rough sows, $19.00 to $20.00; pigs, $18.00 to $19.25.

Cattle—Receipts, 9,000. Beef steers slow, all weights; butcher cattle steady to 15c higher; canning stock steady; bulls, calves and feeders steady to strong; estimated tomorrow 15,000. Beef steers, medium and heavy weight, choice and prime, $17.50 to $18.75; common and good, $13.90 to $18.60; common, $11.50 to $14.25; light weight, choice and prime, $18.75; common and medium, $10.50 to $15.25; choice handy weight steers, $8.00 to $15.25; cows, $7.75 to $13.50; canners and cutters, $6.00 to $7.75; veal calves, light and heavy, $15.50 to $16.50; feeder steers, $10.25 to $15.50; stocker steers, $8.50 to $12.75.

Our Fire Losses.

Fire losses are greater in Canada than in any other part of the world, and greater in Ontario than in any other part of Canada. A recent report contains figures showing the various fire loss per capita in the different countries in the world in 1916. Canada is represented by $3.24, while in Ontario it was $4.61; in the United States, $2.26; Great Britain, 64 cents; Russia, 27 cents, and Germany 24 cents.

British Trade Ambassadors.

The Federation of British Industries, representing sixteen thousand manufacturers and $25,000,000,000 capital, is organizing a great system of trade ambassadors for the extension of British trade overseas. The federation expects to have an ambassador in every important centre,

Proven Good

When you select Dunlop Bicycle Tires you are making a natural decision —just the kind of decision you would make when purchasing some other product where the evidence of superiority was overwhelmingly convincing.

DUNLOP TIRE & RUBBER GOODS CO., Limited

CANAL SCHEMES.

Old Controversies Revived With the Return of Peace.

Business men in Montreal who have studied the canal problems of Canada are generally opposed to the scheme which has been talked of in the United States, of a jointly constructed and internationally owned canal between Montreal and the Great Lakes. So far as public feeling can be fathomed in Montreal, it is confidently expected that should the Canadian authorities entertain the idea of entering into an arrangement for such an international waterway as is now being discussed in the United States, and abandon the Georgian Bay Canal project, there would be a vigorous protest from the shipping and business men of Canada.

"I am of the opinion that the people of Canada will vigorously protest against any scheme that may involve Canada in the construction of such a canal, in view of the fact that the plans for the Georgian Bay Canal are now well advanced," said Mr. Thomas Robb, president of the Shipping Federation, in discussing the matter.

"The Georgian Bay Canal project has the great advantage of being entirely on Canadian territory," he continued. If the international canal project was gone into by the Government of Canada and of the United States, it would mean that the Canadian people would have to throw the Georgian Bay Canal scheme overboard, and all the money that had already been spent on this project would be entirely wasted.

The cost of the Georgian Bay Canal proposal, giving a 22 feet deep waterway for the largest lake boats, would be $100,000,000. It is estimated that it would require ten years to build, while the annual cost of maintenance, including operation of storage reservoirs for regulating flood water of the Ottawa river, would be $900,000.

The distance between the Georgian Bay and Montreal is 440 miles, and no international waterways are affected by the scheme. It is estimated that the passage of a lake boat through this canal at a maximum speed of 12 miles an hour would be 70 hours, and a reliable water-power supply amounting to 1,000,000 horsepower would be secured as a by-product of the scheme.

The Georgian Bay Canal scheme involves the construction of 28 miles of artificial waterway and the improvement by dredging or excavation of 80 miles of river and lake beds. There are 322 miles of navigable waterway, wider than 300 feet and over 22 feet in depth which requires no improvement.

It is proposed to have 27 locks and 45 dams on the entire canal, and in this connection the 1,000,000 horsepower previously referred to will be developed. So far as distances are concerned Chicago is 412 miles nearer to Montreal via the Georgian Bay Canal than to New York by the Erie Canal route, and 794 miles nearer to Liverpool than by the American water. Duluth is 424 miles nearer to Montreal by the Georgian Bay Canal than to New York by the Erie Canal route and 836 miles nearer to Liverpool. It is only 83 miles farther from Duluth and Fort William to Montreal via the Georgian Bay Canal than from the same port to Buffalo. From all ports on Lake Huron, Michigan and Superior the Georgian Bay Canal route to Montreal is shorter than the St. Lawrence and Welland route.

In 1910, Mr. E. W. Beatford, of the Montreal Board of Trade, prepared a statement which strongly urged the construction of the proposed Georgian Bay Canal, and most of these facts business men in Montreal feel that the Canadian Government would scarcely entertain any proposal to abandon the Georgian Bay Canal project.

Deer, or Sheep?

Is the deer forest doomed? During the past four or five years the Highland landowner, whose main source of income has been rents from his sportings, has been very hard hit, and apparently the getrich-quick man of the war is now showing any desire to take costly shootings in the north. Not long ago Lord Lovat decided to convert his deer forest of Braulen, in Inverness-shire, an area of 50,000 acres, into sheep and cattle pasturage, and now a large part of Mar Forest, the Princess Royal's big Deeside domain of over 100,000 acres, is being let for sheep-grazing. Deer are wasteful feeders, and require a great deal more grass than they eat. On the area necessary for one deer a dozen sheep or three cattle could live.

The Home of the Squirrel.

Which is the more valable, a tree or a squirrel?

Animal lovers will have no hesitation in making a choice. They declare that the way to help the spending every hole in the trees of our parks and city "squares," because such cavities are the natural homes of squirrels. Also of many worth-while birds.

It is all very well to build miniature cottages for squirrel habitations and set them in the forks of trees, but those fuzzy and interesting friends of ours do not care much for our artificial residences. A good deep hole in a trunk or limb is what they want for domiciliary purposes.

Most of the "cottages" remain unoccupied. What happens to the squirrels? Evidently they disappear, most of them — as one may judge from their reduced numbers. Deprived of suitable residential sites, breeding quarters, they vanish away.

The "cottages" are not comfortable, from the squirrel's point of view, to start with. They are built wrong for their use. They are not weather-proof — not proof against cold in winter or against wet. In a season or two they begin to fall to pieces.

Canadian Poetess Dies.

One of the earlier Canadian poets passed away at St. Mary's, Ont., recently in the person of Mary A. Maitland, wife of Geo. F. Maitland, formerly of Stratford, St. Catharines, and Hamilton. Her verses, secular and religious, had at one time a wide circulation in Canadian and American periodicals, among the best remembered being "The Girl Who Helps Her Mother" and "Old Letters." Her book "Autumn Leaves" was published some years ago in Toronto. She was a native of Elgin, Scotland, and a devoted Baptist. Mrs. Maitland, who had attained the age of 80 years, had been suffering from neuritis since October, and death came as a relief to months of pain.

Winston Churchill's Pet Was Ready for Action.

Bigger Than "Big Berths"

SINCE "Dora," the British Defence of the Realm Act, lost her sting stories of mystery ships and strange happenings in the war have been published, but at least one other story remains to be told. It concerns "Winston Churchill's pet," as the proud artisans of Sheffield named it.

"Winston's Pet" is not a mystery ship or anything of the sort that puts out to sea, but a great land gun to out-Bertha the notorious German "Big Bertha." It was so called because the Minister of Munitions had set his heart on having his gun just to show those Germans what the British can do when they want to. When the Minister made his last great munition tour a few weeks before the armistice was signed he was able to see his brand new pet on the stocks in the famous Vickers' works ready for going forth to battle. "The boys" had chalked in a conspicuous place on the housing: "Winston's Pet. To Beat the Huns."

Standing beside this "toy" of a gun one felt a mere pygmy or like a microbe in a world of matter. The width across the breech end was almost as great as a moderate sized man is tall, and the length of the barrel was eighty-three feet or more. She was said authoritatively to be capable of firing a shell 80 miles. Others presumed to be well informed said that she would be destructive beyond that distance.

She was, as far as an interested layman could judge, made on almost identical lines with the anamnoth naval super-guns of which Sheffield has produced many, but with the vital difference that double strength most beautiful scenery in Hampshire, addition of another inner tube so that she would fire an eight-inch shell instead of a fifteen-inch shell. The breech charge apparently remained the same, so that the same explosive force used to propel a fifteen-inch shell was behind the lesser and much lighter projectile. These conditions, therefore, apparently gave the gun its wonderful range.

"Winston's" eye beamed with delight as he walked up and down and around the gun and viewed its splendid points and marvelled at the engineering skill that could fashion such a monster from masses of rough steel.

It was not difficult to imagine with what delight the gunners would watch it bark shells on the Rhine town—Cologne for preference—for that was what everybody, and men who were likely to know, said it was to do. Alas, for all the enthusiasm and skill and hope of Sheffield workers and Sheffield captains of industry had put into the new creation, "Winston's Pet" never had the chance to speak to the Germans. She had not been gone long for her trials when the armistice was declared. The making of the gun was a marvel of Sheffield activities, and undoubtedly when the full story is told it will in this respect alone prove a romance of the great war.

England through Sheffield has been always miles in advance of Germany with the power, range and quality of naval guns.

Talking of Sheffield guns and war. It is permissible now to state that a Zeppelin once found that great arsenal among the Yorkshire hills and bombarded it. On the night of the raid, Sept. 25 and 26, 1916, the Zeppelin missed the city, but found both bearings by a naked light left flaring at the time on a railway siding in the bombarded area. It returned over the city, passing harmlessly from northeast to east, over or near the barracks, the large gas works and the great electric power station to the east end, and then crossed right through the heart of the armament works.

Despite wild rumors that were afloat in the country at the time not a penny piece of military damage was done. Two bombs dropped harmlessly in the open yard of the world-famed armament works of John Brown & Co.

BIG JOHN CANADIEN.

Famous Old Lacrosse Player a Picturesque Indian.

Big John Canadien is dead. The famous Caughnawaga Indian who used to run the Lachine Rapids on New Year's Day in a canoe dropped dead at his home a few weeks ago. He was 78 years of age.

John Baptiste Canadien—his real name—made his name through the wild rapids on five different occasions and many a log raft beside. In addition to this time piloted the steamers through the swirling waters.

It was in 1884 that John Baptiste Canadien did his "bit" for the Empire. Lord Wolseley was conducting his second campaign against the Dervishes and every effort to relieve Gen. Gordon in Khartoum. Everything was on the side of the enemy—except Egyptian sun, the sand, his simple needs, which gave him increased mobility, his knowledge of routes and watering places. Everything, in fact, seemed to promise the greatest success, but the caracts offered a problem. Skilled boatmen were needed, and it was with the picked Canadian voyageurs that "Big John," went overseas. Eighty-one boatmen went to Egypt and toiled under the grilling sun of the Soudan in an effort to take troops and supplies up the Nile. Though their services did much to bring the campaign to a successful conclusion, both Houses of the Imperial Parliament acknowledged their services by formal resolution, and commanding officers warmly commended them. By a strange fate a man born in Montreal was to succeed where others had failed—Sir Percy Girouard, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., R.E., who built the railway across the desert which carried Sir Herbert Kitchener and his troops to triumph to Khartoum.

Later he went to Europe with the Caughnawaga lacrosse team and was presented to Queen Victoria. He returned the same summer to the little home where he was born and there he lived until the end came.

The last time he ran the rapids was in 1911, when the present King, then the Duke of Cornwalle and York, visited Canada.

The old man's home was ragged and weathered, like himself. It was built nearly one hundred years ago. Big John, as his family grew too large for the house, which comprises the ground floor, added a floor, added a story. "But these old beams are the same." On the walls were pictures of Big John in the regalia of his Indian costume; another as a lacrosse player, recalling his trip to England as captain of a team which played before Queen Victoria, and a signed photograph, which Her Majesty gave him.

VILLAGE FOR VETERANS.

Disabled Men Will Live Amid Healthful Surroundings.

The first village centre for disabled men, at Enham Place and Park, near Andover, will be opened in April or May. As announced, the British Red Cross Society has made a grant of $50,000 for the building and equipment of the medical block. Help is expected also from the Ministry of Pensions, which has approved the scheme, and the Board of Agriculture has promised its aid. The estimate is that in time 1,000 men will cost $500,000, but 150 men with the necessary staff can be housed in existing buildings, and on this scale, with an expenditure of $250,000, the experiment will begin.

Enham Place is a large, handsome house in the middle room, which of the most beautiful scenery in Hampshire, England. The whole estate covers 1,027 acres, and contains four farms, three lakes, a trout stream, one or more a village hall, post office, smithy, and over 20 cottages. The Village Centres Council chose it with a view to the purposes it may be called its practical advantages, but to its suitability for men with shattered nerves needing rest and fresh air.

The future occupants of the centre will be those who are suffering from the effects of shell-shock, or are crippled by gas, or have lost a limb, or are recovering from illness, or have been recommended a country life. It is not proposed to receive men who cannot reasonably be expected to recover any capacity for work. Some of the new villagers will be instructed in various branches of farming and gardening, dairy work and poultry keeping. Others will be taught carpentry, furniture and boot making, tailoring, motor repairing, building, painting and plumbing. The intention of the council is to establish many small workshops and classes rather than a few large ones, the aim being to bring out each man's individuality and provide opportunity for his tastes. The community will produce most of its own wants and to lay out its own land. The characteristics of the "institution" are to be avoided. The men themselves will have a voice in the management of the centre, and the real communal idea will be fostered.

It will be gathered that the essence of the scheme is to combine curative treatment with vocational training. A man will be put on the road to recovery, while he is "finding his feet" industrially. Nor is it intended that during this period the patient and pupil should be segregated from his wife and family, if he possesses them. As soon as funds allow, more cottages will be built, so that the family man will be able to get a home and a piece of land on fair terms during his progress to recovery, which in many cases, may take a long time.

Palace Chimney Sweeps.

Soot is not worth half what it was twenty or thirty years ago. At that time farmers gladly paid five shillings a sack, using the sweepings of the chimneys to fertilize their fields.

Mr. Jenkins, whose firm, of London square, holds the royal warrant for sweeping the chimneys of Buckingham Palace, puts down this drop in value to the increased manufacture of artificial manure.

Discussing the statement made at Bow County Court that he earned £7 weekly, Mr. Jenkins said: "The small master sweep, whose outlay is confined to £5 for his outfit, may make £7 weekly. The journeyman sweep who works for master sweeps probably earns a fixed wage of not more than £4 all the year round.

"The more general use of gas fires has not hit the sweeps' business as much as people think. There is still sweeping to be done where a gas fire is installed, but the soot is brown instead of black."

Conditions of work are so hard and disagreeable that boys are refusing to be apprenticed to sweeps.

ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hellam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. R. Crumling, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. Elsie Hehr, R. No. 6, Box 88, Lowell, Mich.

Why Not Try

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

How De Valera Escaped From the English Prison

Sounds Like a Dime Novel

WHILE the newspapers of the United Kingdom are still speculating over the mysterious escape from Lincoln Prison in England of Edward De Valera, the Sinn Fein leader, the manner in which he effected his break from captivity on February 3, was told by Sean O'Ceilagh, the Sinn Feiner.

At the first meeting of the republican members of the Irish Parliament, held on January 7, a committee was appointed to take charge of the question of the release of the incarcerated comrades, and the first result of that committee's activity was the escape of De Valera.

"The committee selected a number of men for the job who had been tried by fire, and who would not be too timid in case there was gunplay. The first task was to survey the prison and discover the possibilities of a forceful coup. Just outside the back gate of the prison was a small patch of ground on which the prisoners were allowed to exercise under guard.

"This place was surrounded by a series of barbed wire entanglements. Several armed wardens watched the prisoners, and at sunset a force of militia was thrown about the prison. Because of this militia guard, it was decided to be unwise to try to rush the place for fear of loss of life, and the probable death of De Valera.

"The next move was to communicate with De Valera, which was very difficult. However, one Sinn Feiner started working on a garden plot, of which there were several near the prison. He attracted De Valera's attention one day by singing Sinn Fein songs in Gaelic, in which he told the leader that an attempt would be made to rescue him. The warden's suspicions were not aroused because it was not uncommon for Irish workmen to be about the prison.

"This man appeared again several days later, and again sang a ballad in which he told De Valera that the rear exit of the prison was the most feasible for the attempt, and asked De Valera to secure an impression of the key to the gate.

"The impression of the key was secured. This impression was wrapped in paper with a stone and thrown to the singer in the garden plot.

"The sentries about the rear of the prison were a grave menace to the plans, and the committee tried to find girls in the neighborhood who could be employed to influence them. This attempt was given up, however, and, finally, a telegram was sent to Dublin for two handsome young women, both highly cultured university graduates, who arrayed themselves as shop girls and crossed the channel.

"The girls deliberately set out to flirt with the soldiers, and soon came to know most of the guards. De Valera was informed by code in a letter that February 3 was set for his escape and the procedure to be followed was outlined as much as possible. This little code had been arranged for just such an emergency before De Valera was imprisoned.

"On the eve of February 3, four motor cars packed with Irishmen were sent wandering about the country near Lincoln to serve as decoys for the police. At four o'clock the prisoners were brought in from their period of exercise. They then had a three-hour period for wandering about the prison before they were locked up for the night.

"In the dusk, shortly after four o'clock, the girls appeared and enticed the guards from the rear of the prison as far as possible. Then two Sinn Feiners quickly cut a path through the barbed wire.

"At 5 o'clock De Valera with McGarry and Milroy sauntered to the back gate. Their friends outside crept up and opened the gate with the false key, while the sentries continued their flirtation with the girls. An automobile was waiting and De Valera was whisked away to London, while the police chased the decoy motors.

"Where is De Valera now? I cannot state, but he will be here on time when he is wanted."

The Optimistic Chickadee.

A walk through the woods on a nice winter day reveals many wonderful things to the person who believes that Dame Nature closes up her shop during cold weather. You probably will hear the chickadees before you see 'em, because they sing and are merry even though cold winds blow and food is scarce. "Chick-a-dee-dee" or "fee-bee" they sing as they scratch in the leaves of yesteryear in the fence corners. The chickadee, or black capped titmouse, is optimism's trademark.

The chickadee is too well known to warrant a description for those who have lived in the country; uninitiated folks will recognize chickadees as a flock of sparrowlike birds, each with a black sealskin cap and a black patch on the throat and chin. If you will listen they will sing, not merely when the spirit moves, but all of the time: "Chick-a-dee-dee; fee-bee; she-dee-day-day." Translated into English this means:

"Look at that poor frozen turnip with his mackinaw coat and earlaps and red nose; wonder what Hell do when it gets cold." Some times, too, they have a scolding chuckle, but fear not; it soon blows over, like the sputtering of a lump of punkewife, and in a moment they are singing again. The song of a flock of chickadees requires no "Quaker" point of view, to start with. They are built wrong for their use. They are not weather-proof — not proof against cold in winter or against wet. In a season or two they begin to fall to pieces.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Munitions Versus Hairdressing.

A Sheffield, England, hairdresser who volunteered for munition work in one week of fifty-three hours earned more than $55.

WORLD'S LONGEST DAM

IT HAS JUST BEEN COMPLETED IN ALBERTA.

Great Structure Was Erected In Connection With Colossal Irrigation Scheme and No Project to Rival It Has Ever Been Carried Out on the American Continent—Will Add to Richness of West.

THERE has just been completed in the Prairie Provinces of Alberta, Canada, a monster dam. It can claim the distinction of being the longest edifice of its kind in the world. Whereas the famous Assuan dam, in Egypt, has a total length along the crest of six thousand four hundred feet, the new Canadian structure is no less than seven thousand eight hundred and twenty feet in length.

But apart from its record in the matter of length it has many notable features. It has been erected in connection with a colossal irrigation scheme, the largest individual project of this character that has been carried out on the American continent.

While most irrigation projects have for their object the obtaining of a larger yield of cereals or fruit crops, the Canadian enterprise is destined solely to increase the dairying and live stock output of the province.

The scene of this latest triumph on the part of the irrigation engineer is situated on the Bow river, some eighty-five miles to the east of Calgary. Across this broad stream a mighty dam has been thrown, and the river is now under subjugation for watering a huge tract of country. The waters held up by this dam will irrigate a portion of two thousand eight hundred miles of canals and ditches, four hundred and forty thousand acres of land.

That included in the general scheme is the irrigating of a further tract of three hundred and seventy thousand acres by diverting the waters of the river at another point, making eight hundred and ten thousand acres in all. Shortly, too, these areas will be increased to over one million two hundred and fifty thousand acres, providing homesteads on rich irrigated land for thousands of settlers.

The undertaking owes its inception to the enterprise of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which owns some six million acres of the finest virgin land in the Prairie Provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba, which it received as a grant for the construction of its transcontinental line. Some three million acres of this land is in Southern Alberta, a great open prairie plateau lying between the Bow river on the south and the Red Deer river on the north. Its surface is rolling, and its soil, consisting of heavy black loam and a clay subsoil, is excellent.

In order to encourage settlement on this land and, incidentally, provide freight for its line, the Canadian Pacific Railway determined to see what could be done in harnessing the waters so that a regular and plentiful supply could be guaranteed to the farmer. First they carried out an exhaustive survey of the whole region. This occupied several years, an irrigation project demanding surveys and examination far more complete than those for a railway line. The engineers first traversed the region in all directions, taking measurements and noting the rises and falls of the land between the several months upon the ground, virtually dwelling in what was then a wilderness so far as any life was concerned.

They now gave their attention to the rivers. First they made a thorough examination of the Red Deer river, then the Bow river. They studied their banks, their beds, ascertained their volume, and the discharge at given points in the dry season and during flood.

As a result of their surveys it was shown that the block, as the region was termed, naturally divided itself into three sections — the western, eastern, and central — of about one million acres each, and the work of irrigation has been carried out in the order named.

In the western section three hundred and seventy thousand acres has been brought under irrigation by diverting the waters of the Bow river at a point just outside the city of Calgary. Here a canal, seventeen miles in length, sixty feet wide at the bottom, and one hundred and twenty feet wide on the water level, carries the precious fluid to a great lake three miles long, half a mile wide, and forty feet deep. It is virtually a natural depression, but has been strengthened by a large earthen dam.

From this reservoir water is carried to the hundreds of farms by one thousand and six hundred miles of secondary canals and ditches. The engineers' real difficulties, however, began when they tackled the eastern section, for it is here where the great dam is situated. It was not a question of merely diverting the waters of the river into another channel, but of first curbing the stream and then damming the whole of the river over forty feet, and controlling the flow. This was accomplished by the erection of a great composite dam across what is known as Horseshoe Bend, on the Bow river.

There is no engineering work that demands such careful preliminary investigations as dam-building, particularly when it comes to the storage of a large body of water. For dams do burst with terrible consequences.

The most noteworthy instance was the destruction of the town of Johnstown, in Pennsylvania. It was literally swept off the map by the bursting of an earthen dam across the little Conemaugh river under the pressure of impounded floods. Over two thousand people perished, and property to the value of over two millions sterling was destroyed. Since that date, some 27 years ago, thirty large solid masonry dams and thirty-five large earthen dams have failed, causing, in some cases, large losses of life and the wholesale destruction of property.

The pressure against the face of a large earth dam is simply enormous. At one foot from the surface a large body of water, such as that held in check by the great dams of the world, exerts a pressure of sixty-two pounds to the square foot; at ten feet the force would be six hundred and twenty pounds; and at a depth of a hundred feet no less than six thousand two hundred pounds to the square foot.

Accordingly, the earthen embankment, which is some seven thousand feet in length, is of a particularly massive character. At its base it is three hundred and fifty feet thick, and contains about one million cubic yards of earth, rubble, and stone.

A Revival of Poetry.

An interesting item of literary news from London has it that poets and essayists are receiving an unusual amount of attention, so far as the public, this is not astonishing, for the last decade has seen a marked revival of poetry, both in England and America. Perhaps the enlarged vogue of the writer of essays follows in turn the discovery that other forms of literature than fiction can be enjoyed interesting. Whether or not it will ever again be fashionable to read essays, as it was when Addison wrote them in the London Spectator to amuse polite society and the town in the periwigged period of Queen Anne, any real increase in essay reading will cheer the essayists, who have written chiefly for comparatively few readers and little profit. Yet some of the most distinguished work in literature have been signed to essays; and everybody who reads the editorials in a newspaper is an essay reader.

Pat Went East.

In a small village in Ireland the mother of a soldier met the village priest, who asked her if she had had bad news. "Sure, I have," she said. "Pat has been killed." "Oh, I am very sorry," said the priest. "Did you receive word from the War Office?" "No," she said. "I received word from Pat himself." The priest looked perplexed, and said: "How is that?" "Sure," she said, "here is the letter, read it for yourself." The lester said, Dear Mother,—I am now in the Holy Land."

Pigeons as Beer Hunters.

At Brampton, near Chesterfield, England, homing pigeons are extensively used in the detection of that rare beverage which one time was known under the name of beer. The thirsty souls have formed a committee, who send out to the neighboring villages a scout to find out which saloon has beer on sale.

He reports by homing pigeon, and the arrival of the bird sees an exodus in the direction of the fortunate hostel.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Springtime and Gardentime ARE HERE

We have everything for your Lawn and Garden.

Woodyatt Lawn Mowers
in all sizes.

Cord Lawn Hose
Non-kinkable, durable.

Garden Tools
of all descriptions.

Crown Hand Sprayers
for rose bushes and shrubbery.

Wilson's Hardware Store
(Successor to John Fennell)
'Phone 138

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store, Napanee
40-3-m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee.
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

Has a full stock of
Flour, Shorts,
Govt. Hog Feed,
Govt. Dairy Feed,
and Oilcake.

Storehouse open Saturdays.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager
10tf

SYMINGTON'S

is the place to get the Following Goods:

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Ruby Chop
Barley Feed, Cracked Corn,
Feed Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa,
Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.

Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds, and Plants.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
NAPANEE, ONT.
50-tf

Save through W.S.S. plan.

PHOTOS **Amateurs Attention** Picture Framing

Have your FILMS DEVELOPED and PRINTED by a Practical Photographer, at

THE COOKE STUDIO
Next to Napanee Post Office.

ENLARGING COPYING

At the Campbell House, Napanee, on THURSDAY, MAY 22nd,

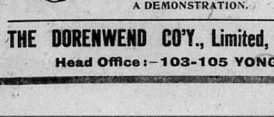
DORENWEND'S of Toronto

invite you to their display of the newest creations in artistic hair-goods.

If your own hair is thin, dull and unbecoming, let us demonstrate just what can be done to supply your lack of hair, and how perfectly it is accomplished.

FOR LADIES:
Switches, Transformations, Waves, Pompadours, Chignons, Etc.

FOR BALD MEN: DORENWEND'S TOUPEE



will make you look years younger and improve your health. Light as a feather and indetectable on our sanitary patent structure.

This display is for one day only THURSDAY, MAY 22nd. Appointments can be arranged at residence if desired.

THERE IS NO CHARGE FOR A DEMONSTRATION.

THE DORENWEND CO'Y., Limited, of Toronto
Head Office:—103-105 YONGE ST.

East End Barber Shop

Everything neat, ; First class Workmen.; Cigars, Tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. Osborne.

The Musical and Literary Club.

The annual meeting of the Musical and Literary Club will be held at 3 o'clock, Saturday, May 10th, in the council chamber of the town hall. Election of officers will take place. All members are requested to attend.

Grocery Business

Having taken over the business of Mr. Theo. Windover, on the Market, I am prepared to meet the demands of the public in a full line of groceries of superior quality. A liberal patronage is solicited. Business conducted on Cash System.

ALEX. DENISON

Fire at Desoronto.

The prompt response of the fire brigade prevented what would have been a disastrous fire at the Standard Iron Company's works on Sunday forenoon had the flames not been got under control when they were. An explosion in the furnace set fire to the boiling house and elevator, which were partly consumed. The damaged part of the plant will be repaired and work resumed in a few days.

Welcome Ball.

Miss Helen Ferguson, of 296 Barrie Street, Kingston, will give an informal ball in the City Hall, Kingston, in honor of the returned soldiers, FREE. Thursday eve., May 15th. All returned soldiers, wives and sweethearts welcome. Return men will please show their return button at door. Allan & Salsbury orchestra. Dancing starts at 8.30 p.m. Information can be had from any of the committee: J. O. Elliott, Mr. Sloan, J. Teeney, Kenneth Conboy, M. Murray, J. Ferguson, M. Kaiser, M. W. Spencer, and M. Cook.

Encampment Booming.

Mount Ararat Encampment No. 16, I.O.O.F., admitted a class of fifteen candidates on Monday night last. The degree work was exemplified by the Limestone City Encampment, Kingston, under the direction of Brothers F. A. Monk, D.D.G.P., W. J. Armiel, D.D.G.M. and Bro. C. A. Bunt, P.C.P., of Kingston. The brethren were highly delighted with the manner in which the work was presented. Bro. E. C. Garbutt, Grand Treasurer, of Picton, and Bro. U. M. Wilson, Grand Senior Warden, Napanee, paid the Encampment an official visit, and the proceedings were terminated with a supper, after which addresses were made by the visiting brethren.

Apples for pie and for sauce—two or three barrels left at **H. W. KELLEYS.**

Tally and playing cards for sale at WALLACE'S.

LIVE STOCK SHIPPING

Owing to increased business, we have found it necessary to change our shipping day from Friday to **MONDAY.** Will start Monday, April 21st and every Monday following. We are prepared to handle your live stock of all kinds. Come and get a square deal. Phone the manager before selling.

Richmond Farmers Co-operative Association
S. C. S. McKim,
Phone 110 Manager

The Roblindale Co-operative Association will ship hogs from Roblindale Station on **Thursday, April 24th.** We will use you right. Highest market price paid.

S. C. S. McKim,
Manager.

Kwickwork Auto Enamel makes old cars look like **new.** Get it at **Wilson's Hardware Store**

John C. Carscallen Dead.

Death came with startling suddenness on Monday morning to Mr. John C. Carscallen, the surviving member of the late firm of Carscallen Bros., tombstoners. Mr. Carscallen had been enjoying excellent health and was out in his garden when he was taken with a sharp pain, and going in to the house sat down, expecting the pain to pass off, but in about ten minutes he was dead, before a doctor could arrive. The late Mr. Carscallen was a highly respected gentleman and had been a resident of Napanee for a number of years. One son, Mr. F. B. Carscallen, South river road, and one daughter, Miss Lillie Carscallen, remain. A brother, Mr. Norris Carscallen resides at Dresden, Ont. Mr. Carscallen, before coming to Napanee, was a resident of North Fredericksburgh, on the farm now occupied by his son, and was for years reeve of the township, and also served as Warden of the county. The funeral took place on Thursday afternoon from his late residence.

Police Court Notes.

Provincial Detective Greer was in town on Thursday investigating the reported discovery of some of the bonds stolen from Wales' store. The bonds were reported from a broker's office in Montreal.

A case of a juvenile charged with the theft of a revolver from a local moving picture house was remanded for a week.

Lawrence O'Neil was arrested on Tuesday on the Kingston road by Chief of Police Barrett on a charge of stealing an auto belonging to C. H. Finkle's livery, Kingston. The auto was recovered with two broken springs. O'Neil was turned over to the Kingston police.

J. A. Woods, charged with the theft of four hides appeared before the magistrate. He was given the benefit of the doubt and the case was dismissed.

Stewart Galna, clerk at the Paisley House, is wanted by the police on a charge of theft. He is alleged to have absconded with $300, and a check for $70, belonging to a guest of the house.

Patriotic Calenders For 1919.

Handsome designs, all prices, sheet music all the latest Vocal an Instrumental.

M. PIZZARIELLO.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

9.30—Morning Class.
10.30—Baptismal Service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Mother's Day service.
Monday, 8.00—League meeting
Wednesday, 8.00—Prayer and Praise.
Thursday, 7.00—C.G.I.T. and C. S. E. T.
Friday, 8.00—Choir practice.
Saturday 8.00—Splendid concert by the Ward-Buchner Co., under auspices of Ladies' Aid. Five expert artists.

FREE!

For the cost of hauling, 50 loads of clean earth. Apply Geo. Harmer, Napanee. Phone 265.

A Bad Shock

To have four tires go flat 1000 miles from home on a rainy night Get our prices on Tire Repairs.

East End Tire Repair
21bp Dundas st., opposite Falls

Hogs Wanted.

Will ship on Saturday, May 10th, 1919. Will pay $24.25 for select hogs, $24.25 for Sows, 7c. to 12c. for Calves. Banks close at 1 p.m.

J. W. HAMBLY.
G. H. WILLIAMS.

Hogs and Calves Wanted.

Will ship hogs and calves on Thursday, May 15th, 1919, and will pay the highest market price for select hogs weighing 150 lbs. or over. Veal calves from 8c. to 13c.

JOHN WILLIAMS.

Toronto-Napanee Railway.

Cobourg, May 1.—The town council and Cobourg Board of Trade held a special session for the purpose of endorsing the action of the Government in deciding to complete the electric railway from Toronto to Napanee passing through the lake front towns enroute.

Go to M. Taylor

For wrist watches, pocket watches, Onyx, Pearl, signet and diamond rings, cuff links, necklets, and all kinds of jewelery, wedding rings wedding and shower presents, full line of 1847 Rodgers cutlery always on hand. Marriage Licenses issued Personal attention to all watch repairing.

Lennox & Addington Motor Club

The annual meeting of the Lennox & Addington Motor Club was held in the Council Chamber on Wednesday May 2nd, 1919, about twenty-five members being present. The election of officers for the year 1919 resulted as follows: President, C. A. Wiseman; Vice-President, O. E. Ashley; Secy-treas, Herbert Daly; Directors, T. Herrington, A. L. Davis, W. M. Sills, T. M. Asselstine, A. W. Benjamin, A. L. Dafoe.

The King vs. Lennox & Addington

At the adjourned sittings of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace held at the Court House on Monday, the Hamburgh road case came up for sentence. Counsel for the County moved that a stated case be reserved. His Honor, Judge Madden, refused the application and imposed a fine of $400 for maintaining a nuisance and a further fine of $100 for contempt of court for not taking any steps to abate the nuisance as directed at the last sittings. The costs of the prosecution were ordered to be paid by the County and the Sheriff was directed to cause the road to be repaired at the expense of the Corporation. A stay of thirty days was granted.

Kwickwork Auto Enamel makes old cars look like **new.** Get it at **Wilson's Hardware Store**

Eminent Coiffure Specialist Coming

DORENWEND'S of Toronto, the eminent hair specialists will be at the Campbell House on Thursday, May 22nd with a grand display of the latest creations in Hair Goods, including Ladies' Transformations, switches, pompadors, waves, etc., and toupees and wigs for men who are bald. All those afflicted with loss of hair are invited to this display when a free demonstration will be given.

23b

Base Ball.

On Tuesday evening a decidedly interesting game of ball was pulled off when the town aggregation put it over the Collegiate bunch by a score of 14-8.

Following are the teams and the score:

TOWN TEAM	Runs
F. Oliver, c	0
B. Beard, p	3
W. McLaughlin, 1b	3
H. Galbraith, 2b	1
R. Loucks, ss	2
H. Pybus, 3b	1
R. Huffman, rf	2
M. Wolfe, cf	2
H. McNeill, lf	1
	14

COLLEGIATE	Runs
C. Scott, p	0
F. Russell, 1b	1
H. Dunbar, lf	1
S. Metzler, rf	1
H. Gleeson, ss	1
H. Costigan, c	1
M. Daly, 3b	1
M. Madill, 2b	1
W. Judson, cf	1

Messrs. Savage and Scrimshaw umpired the game very satisfactorily.

Buy War Saving Stamps.

Let Us Make Your Next

TAILOR-MADE SUIT

From our splendid range of Blue and Black Serges Cheviots and Vicunas.

Grey and Brown Worsteds in plain weaves of patterns.

Best Trimmings Used.

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, - Napanee.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening Prayer.

RED CROSS SOCIETY

The Society gratefully acknowledges five pairs of socks from Red Cross Workers of Roblin, and a large donation of socks from the N.C.I. Knitting Club.

Anyone having finished work for Red Cross, in future, kindly leave same at Wallace's Drug Store.

NAPANEE FAIR

At the Napanee Driving Park Grounds, **Sept. 9th and 10th.**

Collegiate Concert.

The Napanee Collegiate Memorial concert will be held in the Armouries on the evening of Friday, **May 16th,** and not May 9th, as previously announced.

Speed Limit

May go up but we have tire repairs down 30 per cent. We do those neat, lasting jobs just a little cheaper than you get them any place else.

East End Tire Repair
21bp Dundas st., opposite Falls

BOYES' GROCERY.

Fruits in season, oranges, grape fruit, prunes, apricots, jams, marmalade, honey in pails. Big assortment of choice biscuits, and cakes. Try our Black Tea. Our Coffee the best in town, fresh ground.

G. W. BOYES,
Phone 236. John St.

Wanted Hogs and Calves.

Will ship hogs and calves on Tuesday, May 13th, and pay $20.00 to $21.00 for hogs, Sows $3.00 per cwt. less. Veal calves from 8c. to 10c., to 12c., to 14c. Hold your hogs and calves for Tuesday as butchers' strike at abbatoir is over. Packers want hogs and calves. Fat cattle, new milch cows and calves wanted.

FRED WILSON,
Telephone 226.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Rev. C. W. DeMille, Minister

9.45—Morning class.
10.30—Morning worship.
11.45—Sunday School.
Mother's Day programme.
7.00—Evening worship.
Watch for change of time next week.
Monday 8 p. m.—Quarterly Board.
Tuesday, 8 p.m.—W.M.S. in S. S. Room.
Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer service.
Thurs., 8.00—Choir practice.

THE GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE

FOR THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Rex vs. the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington. Memo of judgment.

Upon the evidence the jury could come to no other verdict than GUILTY of the offence charged in the indictment.

Counsel for the Corporation of county of Lennox and Addington admits that the order of the court to abate the nuisance has not been complied with.

The excuse given for not obeying the order in my opinion is wholly insufficient as it is a well-known fact that the past winter season has been such as not to prevent full repairs being made to road or to prevent material being prepared and placed along the road in question and subsequently to have been used in fully repairing it.

The total lack of preparation for these repairs is not evidence of good faith in the matter.

I am satisfied this road could have been made reasonably safe during the last two months if the members of the County Council had so ordered, and had any real effort been made to comply with the order of the court.

The well-known local conditions, and the manner and methods adopted by the council are such as to satisfy me that the non-compliance with that order has been, and is wilful, and in defiance of the court and of their legal duty to repair the road.

The sentence of the court is:

1.—That the said corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington is guilty of contempt of court in not obeying its order.

I adjudge the said Corporation do forfeit and pay a fine of $100 to the County Crown Attorney to be applied according to law, and in default that the said sum be collected by process of law, and, if necessary, a formal order warrant of distress or other writ do issue.

2.—That the said Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington for its said offence of which it has been convicted do forfeit and pay a penalty of $400 to the County Crown Attorney to be applied according to law, and in default thereof that the same be collected by process of law, and, if necessary, formal order warrant of distress of other order do issue.

3.—I do further order and adjudge that the said nuisance be abated, and that writ de nocumento amovendo directed to the sheriff issue if necessary.

4.—That the said Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington do pay forthwith to the Clerk of the Peace, and to be by him paid over to the private prosecutor, W. G. Fretts his costs of and incidental to the said indictment, trial and subsequent proceedings the sum of $100.00, and that the said Corporation do pay the costs of the County Crown Attorney of and incidental to the said indictment, trial and subsequent proceedings the sum of $300.00, and in default of the payment of the said costs that the same be collected by process of law, and, if necessary, a formal order warrant of distress or other order do issue.

Formal order in respect to each of the above findings to issue, if necessary.

30 days stay.

Dated May 5th, 1919.

(Sgd.) J. H. MADDEN
Chairman of the General Sessions and Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington.

1.—This is the second application by the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington for a renewal or stated case—judgment having been given on the former application on March 12th 1919, and this application is in a way in the nature of an appeal from that judgment.

2.—I have no doubt whatever either at law, or that the conviction is anything but exactly right according to the evidence.

3.—That the County Council by not attending the trial (and of which ample and sufficient notice was given to all intents and purposes confessed) there was no real defence to be made on the merits. It was, and is common knowledge that this Hamburgh road was and is so notoriously out of repair that it could not well be defended.

4.—That this conviction should not be defeated by any formal or more or less frivilous thereto the outraged travelling public ought not to be further outraged by any further delay.

Application for reserved case is dismissed with costs.

Formal order to issue, if necessary.

Dated Napanee, May 5th, 1919.

(Sgd.) J. H. MADDEN.

Chairman General Sessions of the Peace, and Judge County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington.

Sawdust Used as Fuel.

A sawdust stove is one of the latest inventions. The stove will burn for 24 hours on 30 pounds of sawdust without attention. The stove will also burn peat, straw, wood chips, shavings, and even paper.

A number of these stoves are being used in the military camps and giving satisfaction. The method of overcoming the caking of the fuel is by means of carefully designed air tubes, which prevent the clogging of the air passages.

Sawdust is obtainable at 48 cents a hundredweight, so that a room can be kept warm all day long for an expenditure of less than one cent an hour.

Masters & Snider
Funeral Directors and Embalming
Successors to the late firm Carscallen Bros.

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Window Shades, Poles and Trimmings.

Carscallen Bros'. Old Stand
Centre Street, Napanee
Phone—Office 30, Residence 145. 8tf.

FOR SALE

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation have listed with me the properties of the late Uriah Wilson and John Wilson for sale. For prices and terms of sale apply to U. M. WILSON, Solicitor, Agent, Napanee, Ont. 39tf

WONDERLAND

MONDAY, MAY 12th
A six reel special
"The Easiest Way,"
Starring CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
Be sure and see it.

ON TUESDAY
"THE COMMON CAUSE,"
(J. Stuart Blackton's latest triumph)
is one of the greatest productions given to exhibitors. It is the greatest picture of the age in eight parts. All star cast including HERBERT RAWLINSON, SYLVIE BREAMER, MRS. VERNON CASTLE, JULIA ARTHURS, VIOLET HEMMING, and others

Admission only 15c & 25c
War Tanks in action in "THE COMMON CAUSE."
Show at 7 and 9 o'clock. Don't miss it.

WEDNESDAY
The famous Tom Mix in the greatest Western drama ever produced "FAME AND FORTUNE."

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.
44tf

NEW GARAGE!

Repairing and Painting all Makes of Cars
Independent of any special car.

Gasolene, Oils, Tires, Etc., always on hand.

DAY and NIGHT SERVICE.
Your patronage solicited.

J. M. GRAHAM, Proprietor.
Opposite Gibbard Furniture Factory.

SHINGLES 600,000

HIGH GRADE
WHITE and RED CEDAR.

It will pay you to see us before you buy.

W. D. MIDMER,
Lumber and Building Supplies.
Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.
'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.
Successors to Dafoe & Waller. 45tf

STRAND THEATRE!

House of First-Class Photo Plays.
M. MAKER, Proprietor.

Friday and Saturday, May 9th and 10th

Jessie L. Lasky presents **Jack Pickford** and **Louise Huff** in **"THE VARMINT."** Also a two reel **Mack Bennett Comedy, "HER SCREEN IDOL."**

BIG SPECIAL FEATURE ATTRACTION
Return Engagement of
"The Follyette Follies"
All New Plays, Songs and Dances.
ADMISSION, 25c. and 15c.

Monday and Tuesday, May 12 and 13

Paramount pictures present **Geraldine Farrar,** in a huge six reel Melodrama, **"WOMAN GODS FORGOT."** Also good Comedy and News.

Wednesday and Thur. May 14 and 15

Geo. M. Cohan, in a six reel special **"SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE,"**—Also **William Duncan** in **"A FIGHT FOR MILLIONS."**

REGULAR ADMISSION, 6c. and 11c.
Orchestra on Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

Best of Attention, Careful Workmen

Quality Brands of Cigars, Tobacco, Cigarrets, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary. Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

NEW SUITS

—AT—

$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of $15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,

Napanee, Ont.

We are Continually Surprised

to hear someone whose eyes we are testing say—"I never had my eyes properly tested before, and did not think they could be the cause of my headache, my dizziness or my inability to read and not get dull and sleepy.

We can test you and honestly advise whether an eye doctor is necessary, and generally save you dollars.

We are also expert in fitting the specialists prescriptions, saving you time and trouble in the city.—All latest shapes Round-Oval-Leaf, invisible bifocals, shell rims, etc.

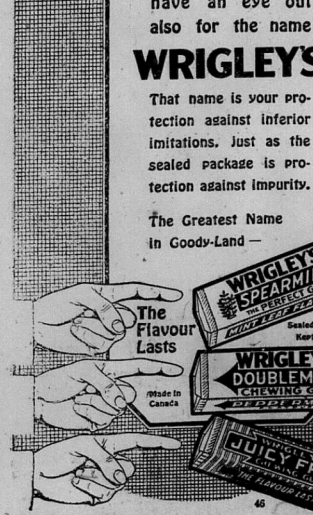
Testing Free—A. F. CHINNECK

—at—

F. Chinneck's Jewellery Store

WRIGLEY'S

Is Sealed!



LOOK for the sealed package, but have an eye out also for the name **WRIGLEY'S**

That name is your protection against inferior imitations. Just as the sealed package is protection against impurity.

The Greatest Name in Goody-Land—

The Flavour Lasts

46

NAPANEE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Easter Report of Class Standing.

Names in order of Merit

* Missed one or more examinations.

Senior IV—Leonard Wheeler, Korieen McLean, Marguerite Davy, Jean McCormack, Harry Cornwall, Edna Vankoughinett, Mary Daly, Kathleen Barrett, Catherine O'Ray, Clare McCullough, Helen Joyce, Helen Hull, Joe Killorin, Kenneth Edgecombe, Olive Liddell, * Mildred Perry, Carl Knox, * Evelyn McKim, Clinton Wilson, Beatrice Reid, * Edison Rion, Edwin Baughan, Marguerite Edgar, Helen Holmes, * Hazel Kellar, * Orval Friskin.

Junior IV—E. Carmichael, B. Smith, G. Robinson, T. Waller and F. Mills, equal, L. Wartman, B. Daly, E. Goltle, E. Osborne*, M. Cook and H. Davy*, equal, K. Tierney, S. Woodcock, E. Cooke*, R. Lewis and L. Perry, equal, M. Ford, D. DeMille, M. Fox, E. Fraser, G. Davern, L. Smith, N. Reid* W. Clark, H. Stevenson, M. Kouber, F. McGee*, Card, S. Wilson, C. Garrett,* A. Walters, G. Deschene, C. Kellar,* J. Coates, H. Vine, R. Grass, H. Morris,* R. McCullough, E. Black*, W. Caton,* M. Thompson,* C. Walker * B. Walters,* N. McKim.*

Senior III—Willie Normile, (H.) Hazel Davy, Lottie Sweet, Josephine Loucks, Fred Perry, Everett Fraser, Percy Stewart, Marjorie Markle, Eugene Fox, Dora Magee, Kenneth Deschene, Nyle Vanaslitne, Ola Kellar, Donald Robbin, Andrew Kavanaugh, Delbert Quick, Irene Garrison, Norma Hallard, Marshall Storms, Arthur Powell, James Lavern, John Fox, Alverna Booth, Helen Mayhew, Douglas Miles, Gerald Gleeson, Gilbert Doyle, Ernest Stinson, Orval Perry—absent.

Junior III—Wilma Garratt, Ruth Thompson, Mary Rogers, Agnes Davy, Eileen McCormack, Grace File, Ralph Black, Dorothy Scott, Malcolm Gorkill, Jean McIntosh, Thelma Hann, Grace McGee, Billy Reeve, Harold Denison, Agnes Cavanaugh, Carson Graham, Claude McDonald, Grace Barnes, Goldwin Smith, Joe Deschene, Ernest Sagar, Fred Knox, Aileen Lewis, Tom McGraw, Fred Ballard, Helen Asselstine, Gordon Jayne, DeVerde Powell, Bessie Black, Cecil Babcock, Kenneth Widmer, Ila Card, Kenneth Miller, Claire Thompson, Mildred Pizzariello, Willie Coates, Bernice Kelly, Marion Robbin, Dorothy Osborne, Nora Graham, Helen Benn, Aubrey Garrison, Harry Sagar, Dorland Denison, Gordon McCabe, Orval Babcock, Susie Hughes, Mildred Cummings*, Sadie Stinson*, Madeline Stevens*.

Senior II—A. McGraw, H. Lucas Ch. Fraser, A. Wilson, A. Asselstine and F. Lawrence, D. M. Johnston, E. Switzer, L. Graham, G. Lee, C. Barnes and A. Rogers, H. Deline, C. Baird and D. G. Johnston, Gl. Fraser, E. Harrison, E. Miller, R. Stevens, E. Sweet, H. Daly, H. Irvine, F. Fenwick, E. Root, T. Moffat, G. Lee, Lyle Caton, M. Travers, A. McMillan and H. Thompson, D. Lucas, L. Kellar, W. Widmer, W. Shorey, G. Markle G. Shorey,* F. Wilson.*

Junior II—Georgie Hosey, Evelyn Mills, Chrystabel Taylor and Kathleen Gleeson, Helen Moore and Walter Exley, Lorne Uens, Grace Boyes, Liburn Cowling, Cecil Harrison, Harvey Ford, Ward Huffman, Edna Smith, Ruth Graham, Mostyn Edgar, Gerald Cline, Edith Hodson and Reppld Edgar, George Reid, Orofield Hearns, Donald Smith, Robbie Wilson, Cameron Booth and James Phimley, Gordon Babcock, George Wensley, Ralph Wilson, Clifford Walker, Carmel Fretts, Dave Stinson, Keitha Lewis, Dorothy Clark, Florence VanVolkenburgh, Harold Bongard, Jack Powell, Ray Bongard.

First Book—Sr. Class—Marion Clark, Eileen Lucas, Hazel Frink, Jean McGraw, Ambrose Dean, Vera Chase, Helen Wilson, Ernest Gibbard, John DeMille, Percy Denison, Dorothy Lucas, Jack Black, Aleta Foote, Marjorie York, William VanDusen, Charlie Walters, Edward Kent, Rose Baker, Helen Nelson, Everett Pybus, Donald Huyck.

Junior Class—Grace McDonald, Josephine Clark, Edgar Edgar, Jack Kellar, Leonard Baird, Ralph Vanalstine, Harold York, Berniece Hartman, Garfield Garrison, Florence Edgcomb, Evelyn Barragar, Harold Reedyen, James Wilkins, Lenore Bird, Walter Pybus, Wilbur Miller, Garfield Thompson—Missed exams—Georgie Wheeler, Tommy Winters, Laura Bell, Marion Thompson, Audrey Wilson.

Senior Primer—Marjorie Gilbaird, Marjorie Daly, Durwood Conway, Jack Baker, Bernice Lewis, Ethelbert Switzer, Russel Storms, Tilly Davy, Zetta Kellar, Robert Fraser, Gordon McEwan, Arthur Frink, Norma Hartman, Percy Schryver, Marjorie Sedore, Ronald VanVolkenburgh, Ethel Wilkins, Gordon Asselstine, James Daly, King Babcock, Louise Carr, Oswald Huffman, Cyrus Middleton, Minnie Davy, Phoebe Ford, John McDonald, Joe Thompson, Helen Harrigan, Frank McDonald, Jennie Graham, Lester Boyes, Angelo Castaldi, John Wheeler, Roy Wilson, Edith Bell, Minor Tryon, Frona Foote, Earl Babcock, Earl Babcock, Charlie Wheeler, Charlie Huffman, Fred Sagar, Martha Wheeler, Hazel Baker.

Junior Primary—A Class, Billy Powell, Helen Gibbs, James McIntyre, Frank Thompson, Mel. Hedd. Cecil Kinross was born in Uxbridge, Middlesex, England, about ten miles from London. When he was nine years old his parents moved to Hollies Farm, Lea Marston, near Birmingham. Six years later they came to Canada. One sister is now a nurse in Edmonton. The younger sister took her brother's place on the farm during his absence overseas as so many girls have done in England. Two cousins who had come to Canada the same time as the Kinross family, joined the army early in the war. One of them, D. A. Kyle, was a trapper in the Peace River district when war was declared and walked 200 miles to enlist. The other was James Miller. Both have won the Military Medal. Every relative of the V.C., of military age, was in the army.

Cecil John Kinross started school when he was about six years old. He went to a boarding school near his home, Dewes Farm, Uxbridge. A cheering bit of information for boys of that age now will be the fact that the future V.C. was frequently minus dessert, Sundays, for wriggling in church, while he was in attendance at this school. He did not attend that school very long. When his parents moved north Cecil John went to Lea Marston public school, and later to Coleshill Grammar School.

Last spring, obtaining leave from hospital after his wounds were beginning to mend, Pte. Kinross, V.C., visited his old home. Hearing of his coming the town arranged a public reception for him. He was met at the railway station by prominent citizens, carried shoulder high to a waiting motor and driven around the surrounding parishes. The procession was headed by a band and a large number of the boys from Lea Marston and Coleshill schools. The parade ended up at the school, where speeches were made and a presentation made to the boy who had brought distinction to the school.

In the three years that Pte. Kinross was in the army he was engaged at various forms of military duty, always with that tincture of danger that made the life attractive to him. But of all the phases of work he was happiest when he was just an ordinary "Tommy," and with that curious mixture of refinement and keen and fearless daring, which is found so often in the English make-up, he could say, "This is the life for me."—Carolyn Cornell.

EAST WARD SCHOOL.

Senior Second—Mildred Harrington, Dorothy Barrett, James Normile, Clarence King,* Herman Douglas, Clara Deschene, Georgina Snider, Alice Leafe,* Arthur Grass, Marion Vanalstine,* Cecil Grass, Molly Kinkley,* Roy Pennell.

Junior Second—Hazel O'Neil,* Helen Grange,* Marion Sills, Florence Kinkley,* Emma Sweet, Marion Douglas, Joseph Leafe, Earl Pybus, Lauretta Walker,* Nettie Deshane,* Bessie Conger,* Harold Barrett,* Donald Hawley.*

First Class—Madeline McMillan, Pauline Card, Helen Walker, Jessie Stevenson, Emma Snider, Earl Thompson, Jack Grange, Clarence Pennell, Grace Lewis, Donald Fenwick, Claude Thompson, Gladys Hicks,* Clarence Asselstine, Marion Grass.

Junior First—Stella Hicks, Berniece Barnes, Paul Stevenson, Irene McGee, Marjorie Sills, Alice Knox, Margaret Douglas, Angus Smith, James Perry, Marion Scullthorpe, Vera Barrager.

Sen. Primary—Dorothy Storms, Walter Asselstine, Kathryne Conger, Revel Loucks, Lena Hawley, Mildred Loucks, Colborne Harrington, Aubrey Pybus, Donald Conger.

Intermediate Primary—Donald Normile, Allan Lawrence, Allan Birrel, Edward Loucks, Gerald Pybus, Lillian Leafe, Vincent Deschane.

Junior Primary—Garnet Barnes, Gladys Hann, Cora Ryan, Clarence Pearson, Earl Deschane, Norman McMillan, Harry Barrett.

Bench and Bar.

The wit and quickness of repartee which characterizes Sir F. E. Smith, who is now Lord Chancellor, with a salary of £10,000, at the age of 46, is proverbial. In one of his early cases he was opposed by an elderly, prosy, long-winded lawyer, who spoke for six hours in his concluding address.

Then Sir Frederick rose. Looking at the judge and jury he smiled slightly and said:—

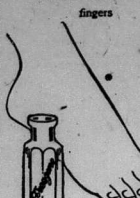
"Your honor, I will follow the example of my learned friend who has just concluded, and submit the case without argument."

—o—

Why buy Creamery Butter when you can get nice farmers' butter at H. W. KELLEY'S, and save about 10c. per lb. on it.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

Story of Pte. Kinross, V.C.

GERMAN machine guns have given Canada a large number of V.C.'s. One of these was Pte. Cecil John Kinross, who returned to his home in Lougheed, Alta., the first week of January, after three years in the army. His memorable attack on a troublesome machine gun in the enemy trenches was made at the battle of Passchendaele, Oct. 30, 1917.

The attack on Passchendaele by the Canadians, in which Pte. Kinross displayed the fearlessness and skill which won him the highest honor in the gift of the British Empire to her soldiers, lasted from the night of Oct. 28-29 until the night of Nov. 1, 1917. The attack was successful, as history knows, and Passchendaele Ridge was occupied by the British at the end of the engagement, but history cannot estimate how much of that victory was due to such acts of individual courage as won Cecil Kinross the V.C.

The struggle was severe. The Canadian line was withering under terrific fire. One of the sources of this punishment of the line was a machine gun which was pouring its deadly hail into the trenches of the Canadians. Pte. Kinross was seen to make a careful survey of the ground intervening between the Canadian line and the German line. It was broad daylight. Deliberately divesting himself of all his equipment, except his bandolier, the belt that carried his ammunition, and his rifle, he went over the top alone.

He advanced steadily, under direct fire, towards the enemy line, and single-handed charged the machine gun. He killed the crew of six and put the gun out of commission. Fired by the example of their comrade the other men of his company made a rush and advanced 300 yards and established a highly important position. He was seriously wounded in the head and arm later the same day. It was not until two months later, while convalescing in Orpington Hospital, England, that he heard that he had been given the Victoria Cross for his work that day in October. He was the most surprised man in his company.

Pte. Kinross is the only son of James Sterling Kinross, J.P., Lougheed, Alta. Before enlisting he worked on his father's farm. He joined the 51st Battalion in October, 1915, at Edmonton. By volunteering to go over with a special draft he got to England the following December, spending Christmas Day at sea. In England he was sent to Shorncliffe where he was in training until March. He was soon in action in the third battle of Ypres. In June he moved to the Somme, where he was wounded, but was back in the trenches in about a month. From that until Passchendaele he was in the battle line continuously, with the exception of ten days' leave in England, just before the big engagement in which he won the V.C.

The Kinross family came from England to live in Canada in 1911. They settled on a farm near Lougheed. Cecil Kinross was born in Uxbridge, Middlesex, England, about ten miles from London. When he was nine years old his parents moved to Hollies Farm, Lea Marston, near Birmingham. Six years later they came to Canada. One sister is now a nurse in Edmonton. The younger sister took her brother's place on the farm during his absence overseas as so many girls have done in England. Two cousins who had come to Canada the same time as the Kinross family, joined the army early in the war. One of them, D. A. Kyle, was a trapper in the Peace River district when war was declared and walked 200 miles to enlist. The other was James Miller. Both have won the Military Medal. Every relative of the V.C., of military age, was in the army.

Cecil John Kinross started school when he was about six years old. He went to a boarding school near his home, Dewes Farm, Uxbridge. A cheering bit of information for boys of that age now will be the fact that the future V.C. was frequently minus dessert, Sundays, for wriggling in church, while he was in attendance at this school. He did not attend that school very long. When his parents moved north Cecil John went to Lea Marston public school, and later to Coleshill Grammar School.

Last spring, obtaining leave from hospital after his wounds were beginning to mend, Pte. Kinross, V.C., visited his old home. Hearing of his coming the town arranged a public reception for him. He was met at the railway station by prominent citizens, carried shoulder high to a waiting motor and driven around the surrounding parishes. The procession was headed by a band and a large number of the boys from Lea Marston and Coleshill schools. The parade ended up at the school, where speeches were made and a presentation made to the boy who had brought distinction to the school.

In the three years that Pte. Kinross was in the army he was engaged at various forms of military duty, always with that tincture of danger that made the life attractive to him. But of all the phases of work he was happiest when he was just an ordinary "Tommy," and with that curious mixture of refinement and keen and fearless daring, which is found so often in the English make-up, he could say, "This is the life for me."—Carolyn Cornell.

M. Briand, Lecturer.

M. Briand, ex-premier of France, in 1911 received an offer of $60,000 to deliver a series of lectures in the capitals of Europe upon any subjects he pleased.

—o—

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

—o—

Talking Machines.

Buy your talking machine where you can buy records for it. We are sole agents for the celebrated Victor records and keep a large stock on hand. See us before you buy.

VANLUVEN BROS.,

Napanee.

2-6

"JUST WHAT I NEEDED," SAYS J. A. MCKEITH

Has Improved Wonderfully Ever Since he Began Taking Tanlac.

"Tanlac proved to be just what I had been needing for the past five years," said James A. McKeith, of 1869 Davenport Road Weston, near Toronto, Ont.

"Everything I would eat," he continued, "seemed to lodge right in the pit of my stomach and I suffered terribly with indigestion and I felt bloated with gas for three or four hours after every meal. I would just drag myself off to work without eating a bite of breakfast and tried all tried all sorts of medicines without getting any better.

"I have been improving ever since I began taking Tanlac. The indigestion has about left me, and I can eat with more satisfaction than I could before in a long time. Indigestion and gas on my stomach don't bother me at all now and from the way Tanlac has fixed me up I am glad to recommend it."

Tanlac is sold in Napane at WALLACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON.

CITIZENSHIP

DEPARTMENT W.C.T.U.

To entitle women to vote at Dominion and Provincial elections they must be British subjects. They must have resided in Canada 12 months and in local municipality for three months previous to elections.

All women have now the right to vote at elections on same terms as men. No property qualifications are necessary for the vote of members of Dominion or Provincial Parliaments.

The municipal suffrage is on a tax-paying basis. To entitle women to vote at municipal elections they must be assessed as owners or tenants for property rated, if in a city at 400, if in a town or under 3000 population $300, if in a village or township at $100, or assessed in any municipality for an income of $400 or over.

We as women voters owe nothing to partizanship, nor as temperance workers either, as both woman suffrage and prohibition came about by the unshackling of party bondage and the free exercise of the deep convictions of the members of both political parties. So let us use our influence in refusing to become the slaves of any party.

—o—

SIX MILES OFF THE EARTH.

Capt. Lang Describes His Exciting Experience.

Capt. Lang, the Australian airman, recently described his experiences in his world's record for altitude for an airplane, 30,500 feet (nearly six miles), in the London Daily Mail.

"I had to make the most minute observations at every thousand feet," Capt. Lang said, "and these were recorded on a board strapped on my right leg. I had also to note down how the temperature changes the machine's speed, the revolutions, the water temperature in the engine, the oil temperature, the petrol pressure, the gallons of petrol consumed per hour, and generally to look over the side to note our bearings."

The flight had been contemplated for some weeks, and for that reason he and his observer, Lieut. Blowes, had remained strict teetotallers and had not indulged in a smoke for weeks. The machine used was a De Haviland 9 bombing machine, made by the Aircraft Manufacturing Company, fitted with a 450-horse-power Napier Lion engine. They ascended from Martlesham, near Ipswich, in a gale of wind.

Each airman wore two pairs of silk socks, three pairs of stockings, thigh boots lined with lamb's wool, thick underclothing, three sweaters, an Arctic suit lined with fur, a Balaclava, and a fur-lined cap, goggles lined with cotton wool, electrically heated gloves.

When the machine reached 30,500 feet there were about seventy degrees of frost.

"During the first 8,000 feet the machine tossed about like a leaf," Capt. Lang added. "We were so blown out of our course that when we were six miles up we were about twenty-five miles out at sea off Yarmouth. The sun was shining brightly, and though it was a little hazy I could see ships far out at sea, and occasionally I had glimpses of the Thames.

"I had a small glass shield fitted in the machine to protect my right eye, but there was no shield for the left eye, the gun preventing one being fixed. At 20,000 feet I had to take off my goggles because the oxygen frosted on the glass. Thereupon my left eye watered and froze, and was soon as big as a plum. For the next 10,000 feet I had the use of only one eye.

"After 20,000 feet, owing to a breakage, I was unable to continue recording the engine's revolutions. Then 1,500 feet higher Lieut. Blowes collapsed through a breakage in the tube supplying the oxygen.

"At 27,000 feet we got into a very bumpy atmosphere, and were so tossed about that the machine became uncontrollable. At 28,000 feet I felt a shortage of oxygen, and it was when I signalled to Lieut. Blowes for more that I found that he was unconscious, and had been so, as I afterwards discovered, since 20,000 feet up, when he fell back in an attempt to pass me a note.

"I managed to hang on till we reached 30,500 feet, when, in a temperature equal to 70 degrees of frost, Fahrenheit, the petrol pressure pumps behind the engine ceased to work."

Of the descent Capt. Lang said the first 10,000 feet occupied 25 minutes, when he was well off Yarmouth in a wind of from 50 to 170 miles an hour. At 20,000 feet Lieut. Blowes regained consciousness.

The two airmen suffered badly from frost on the hands and face. Lieut. Blowes, who is only 19, has serious injuries to his hands.

—o—

Muresco and Alabastine, all colors at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Any record will play on the Aeolian-Vocalian Phonograph.

M. PIZZARIELLO,

Market Square.

—o—

25 cents buys a Thrift Stamp.

—o—

Get your Arsenate of Lead for spraying at

Wilson's Hardware Store

W. J. TRENOUTH, Principal. Rexall Orderlies, the ideal laxative, for old and young, 15c., 25c., and 50c. boxes at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

—o—

The only music—The Aeolian Vocalian Phonograph. Come in and hear it for yourself.

M. PIZZARIELLO,

Market Square.

Cheese Factories!

We are this year buying Whey Cream.

If your factory is within twenty miles of Belleville, our truck could call for your cream. If too far for our truck to go, we will pay express from your nearest shipping station. We furnish cans

References :—Any banker, any cream shipper.

Write us—

BELLEVILLE CREAMERY, Limited.

118 Front St. - Belleville, Ont.

Only 89 Cents for $1.55 Worth of Palmolive Specialties.

3 Cakes of Palmolive Free With Purchase of Palmolive Creams

Here a special introductory offer by which you can secure 3 full size cakes of Palmolive Soap free!

These 3 cakes are offered with the purchase of a 60 cent jar of Palmolive Cold Cream and a 30 cent tube of Palmolive Vanishing Cream, costing altogether 90 cents. The regular retail price of 3 cakes of soap is 45 cents, $1.35 worth of the finest toilet articles which can be made, for only 89 cents.

The quality of Palmolive products is of the highest, which insures that this special offer will be taken advantage of by the public.

We have only a limited supply.

Wallaces' Drug Store, Limited

What Will You Do With the Interest?

When you cash-in those Victory Bond coupons on May 1st exchange them for their par value in War Savings Stamps.

Your Country needs this money in these days of readjustment and reconstruction.

The purchase of War Savings Stamps is an easy way for you to save, as well as a patriotic duty.

BUY W.S.S. WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

War Savings Stamps can be bought wherever this sign is displayed.

War Savings Stamps

The Easiest Method of Saving

Ford

Announcement

Electric Starting and Lighting

—Consisting of *Generator, Starting Motor* and *Storage Battery.*

—An electric system made for Ford cars by the Ford Motor Company of Canada in their own factory; built into the Ford motor which has been re-designed for the purpose.

—Controlled from a complete instrument board on the cowl.

Standard Equipment on Sedans and Coupes

All closed models now have electric starting and lighting systems as Standard Equipment.

Ford Sedan $1,175 Ford Coupe $975

(Including Ford Starter and Lighting System) Prices are f.o.b. Ford, Ont., and are subject to War Tax.

Ford Closed Models will, for a time, take the entire production of Starting and Lighting Systems.

By June 1st, however, Ford Touring Cars and Roadsters will be supplied with Starting and Lighting as *Optional Equipment* at an extra charge.

Samples of the Ford Starting and Lighting System are now on exhibit at all Ford Branches. In the near future we also expect to be able to show a complete sample outfit. You are invited to call and inspect it.

104

W. J. Normile, Dealer, Napanee

G. H. Richardson, Dealer, Tamworth

Cap'n Warren's Wards

by JOSEPH C. LINCOLN

Copyright, 1913, by D. Appleton & Co.

"So far as we can see there are none except a few trifling bills."

"Yes, yes. Hum!" Captain Elisha put down his coffee spoon and seemed to be thinking. His shock his head. "I was puzzled afore I left home, and I'm just as puzzled now."

"What puzzles you, if I may ask?"

"Everything. And, if you'll excuse my sayin' so, Mr. Sylvester, I guess it puzzles you too."

He returned his host's look. The latter pushed back his chair, preparatory to rising.

"It is all so perfectly simple on the face of it, Captain Warren," he said. "Your brother realized that he must die, that his children and their money must be taken care of; you were his nearest relative; his trust in your honesty and judgment caused him to overlook the estrangement between you. That's the case, isn't it?"

"Yes. That's the case, on the face of it, as you say. But you've forgot to mention one item."

"What's that?"

"Bije himself. You knew him pretty well, I can see that. So did I. And I guess that's why we're both puzzled."

The big lounging room of the club on the first floor, Fifth avenue side, was almost empty when they entered it. The lawyer drew two big chairs near the open fire, rang the bell and ordered cigars. After the cigars were lighted and the fragrant clouds of smoke were rising he reopened the conversation. And now, in an easy, diplomatic way, he took his turn at questioning.

Meanwhile the room had been filling up. Around each of the big windows overlooking the avenue were gathered groups of men, young and old, smoking, chatting and gazing idly out. Captain Elisha regarded them curiously.

"This ain't a holiday, is it?" he asked after awhile.

"No. Why?"

"I was just wondering if all those fellers hadn't any work to do, that's all."

"Who—that crowd?" The lawyer laughed. "Oh, they're doing their regular stunt. You'll find most of them here every afternoon about this time. Most of the younger set have rich fathers or have inherited money, I suppose."

"I see. They let the old man do the worryin'. That's philosophy, anyhow. What are they so interested in outside—parade goin' by?"

No. I imagine an unusually pretty girl passed just then."

"Is that so? Well, well! Say, Mr. Sylvester, the longer I stay in New York the more I see that the main difference between it and South Denboro is size. The billiard room gang acts just the same way when the downstairs schoolteacher goes past. Hello!" "What is it?"

"That young chap by the mizzen window looks sort of familiar to me, the one that stood up to shake a day-day to whoever was passin'. Hum! He's made a hit, sin't he? I expect some unprotected female's heart broke at that signal. I call'ate I know him."

"Who? Which one? Oh, that's young Corcoran Dunn. He is a lady killer in his own estimation. How d'ye do, Dunn?"

"Hello, Sylvester," the young man hailed carelessly. "That was a peach. You should have seen her. What? Why, it's the admiral!"

"How d'ye do, Mr. Dunn?" said Captain Elisha.

"Have you two met before?" asked Sylvester in astonishment.

"Yes. I had the pleasure of assisting in the welcoming salute when our seafarin' friend come aboard. How was that, Captain? Some nautical class to that remark?"

"Yup. You done fust rate, considerin' how recent you shipped."

"Thanks. Overwhelmed, I'm sure. By the way, Sylvester, did you hear about my running over the Irishman this morning?"

"Running over?" repeated the captain, aghast. "You didn't run over nobody, I hope."

"Well, I came devilish near it. Ha, ha! You see, the old fellow was crossing St. Nicholas avenue with a big market basket full of provisions—the family dinner, I suppose. By Jove, the household appetites must be good ones. It was slippery as the mischief, I was running the car, and I tried to go between the fellow and the curb. It would have been a decent bit of steering if I'd made it. But—ha, ha!—by Jove, you know, I didn't. I skidded. The man himself managed to hop out of the way, but his foot slipped and down he went. Most ridiculous thing you ever saw. And the street I 'Pon my word it was paved with eatables."

Sylvester, plainly annoyed, did not reply. But Captain Elisha's concern was evident.

"The poor critter!" he exclaimed. "What did you do?"

"The last I saw of him he was sitting in the mud, looking at the upset. I didn't linger. Peters took the wheel and we beat it. Lucky the cop didn't spot the license number. Might have cost me fifty. They've had me up for speeding twice before. What are you and the admiral discussing Sylvester?"

"We were discussing a business matter," answered the lawyer, with significant emphasis.

"Business? Why, sure! I forgot that you were Graves' partner. Settling the family affairs, hey?—Well, I won't butin. Ta, ta! See you later, captain."

Captain Elisha's cigar had gone out. He did not attempt to relight it.

"Um. He's a sociable young feller, ain't he? Don't stand on any ceremony hey? Caro and Steve think a lot of him and his mother."

"Yes. I remember hearing a rumor that the two families might be even closer connected."

"You mean—er—Caroline and—er him?"

"There was such a rumor. Probably nothing in it. There is no engagement, I am very sure."

"Yes, yes, I see. Well, Mr. Sylvester, I must be trottin' on. I'll think the whole business over for another day or so, and I think I may take the job. Take it on trial, anyhow."

"Good! I'm glad of it."

"You are?"

"I certainly am. And I'm very glad indeed to have made your acquaintance, Captain Warren. Good afternoon. I shall hope to see you again soon."

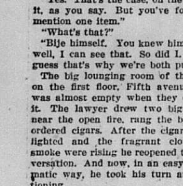
Captain Elisha regarded them curiously.

"This ain't a holiday, is it?" he asked after awhile.

"No. Why?"

"I was just wondering if all those fellers hadn't any work to do, that's all."

"Who—that crowd?" The lawyer laughed. "Oh, they're doing their regular stunt. You'll find most of them



"Running over?" repeated the captain, aghast.

here every afternoon about this time. Most of the younger set have rich fathers or have inherited money, I suppose."

"I see. They let the old man do the worryin'. That's philosophy, anyhow. What are they so interested in outside—parade goin' by?"

No. I imagine an unusually pretty girl passed just then."

"Is that so? Well, well! Say, Mr. Sylvester, the longer I stay in New York the more I see that the main difference between it and South Denboro is size. The billiard room gang acts just the same way when the downstairs schoolteacher goes past. Hello!" "What is it?"

"That young chap by the mizzen window looks sort of familiar to me, the one that stood up to shake a day-day to whoever was passin'. Hum! He's made a hit, sin't he? I expect some unprotected female's heart broke at that signal. I call'ate I know him."

"Who? Which one? Oh, that's young Corcoran Dunn. He is a lady killer in his own estimation. How d'ye do, Dunn?"

"Hello, Sylvester," the young man hailed carelessly. "That was a peach. You should have seen her. What? Why, it's the admiral!"

"How d'ye do, Mr. Dunn?" said Captain Elisha.

"Have you two met before?" asked Sylvester in astonishment.

"Yes. I had the pleasure of assisting in the welcoming salute when our seafarin' friend come aboard. How was that, Captain? Some nautical class to that remark?"

"Yup. You done fust rate, considerin' how recent you shipped."

"Thanks. Overwhelmed, I'm sure. By the way, Sylvester, did you hear about my running over the Irishman this morning?"

"Running over?" repeated the captain, aghast. "You didn't run over nobody, I hope."

"Well, I came devilish near it. Ha, ha! You see, the old fellow was crossing St. Nicholas avenue with a big market basket full of provisions—the family dinner, I suppose. By Jove, the household appetites must be good ones. It was slippery as the mischief, I was running the car, and I tried to go between the fellow and the curb. It would have been a decent bit of steering if I'd made it. But—ha, ha!—by Jove, you know, I didn't. I skidded. The man himself managed to hop out of the way, but his foot slipped and down he went. Most ridiculous thing you ever saw. And the street I 'Pon my word it

"You—you called to see him?" repeated Stephen. "Why, what in the world"—

"I took the liberty of sashin' him, Caroline," observed Captain Elisha quietly, ignoring the last speaker. "I didn't know you knew him, and I used to sail along with his uncle, so he seemed almost like one o's folks."

"Uh!" Caroline's manner changed. "I presume it was a business call," she said slowly. "I beg pardon for interrupting. We had not seen you since father's death, Mr. Pearson, and I assumed that you had called upon my brother and me. Excuse me. Mrs. Dunn, we will go into the drawing room."

She led the way toward the apartment. Captain Elisha was about to speak. Pearson, however, explained for him.

"Miss Warren," he said, "if by a business call you mean one in the interest of the Planet, I assure you that you are mistaken. I am no longer connected with any paper. I met Captain Warren under rather unusual circumstances. We discovered that we had mutual friends and mutual interests. He asked me to call on him, and I did so. I did not know until five minutes ago that he was your uncle or that you and your brother lived here. I beg you won't leave the room on my account. I was about to go when you came. Good evening."

He bowed and stepped toward the hall. Captain Elisha laid a hand on his arm and detained him.

"Just a minute," he said. "Caroline, I want you and Steve to know that what Mr. Pearson says is exactly true. I ain't the kind to talk to the newspapers about the private affairs of my relations, and if I'm any judge of character Mr. Pearson knowin' you as it seems he does, wouldn't be the kind to listen. That's all. Now, Jim, if you must go."

"Mr. Pearson," she said impulsively, "again I ask your pardon. I should have known. I am very sorry I spoke as I did. Will you forgive me?"

Pearson colored. His embarrassment was more evident than before.

"There is no occasion for apology, Miss Warren," he said. "I don't wonder you thought I had come in my former capacity as reporter."

"Yes, you do. You must have wondered. I am very glad you called to see my—guardian, and I hope you will continue to do so. Father used to speak so highly of you, and I'm sure he valued your friendship. Stephen and I wish to consider his friends ours."

Pearson's reply was brief.

"Thank you, Miss Warren," he said. "You are very kind. Good evening."

In the hall as they waited for the elevator Captain Elisha happier than at any time since his arrival in New York, clapped his friend on the shoulder.

"Jim," he said, "I was bettnin' to doubt my judgment of things and folks. Now I feel better. That niece of mine has got the right stuff in her. After that invitation you will come and see us once in awhile. That makes it easier, hey?"

Pearson shook his head. "I'm not sure, captain," he observed slowly, "that it doesn't make it harder. I shall look for you at the boarding house very soon. Don't disappoint me. Good night."

The captain's last remark that evening was made to Edwards, whom he met just outside the door of his bedroom.

"Commodore," he said, "a barn full of rats is a nuisance, ain't it?"

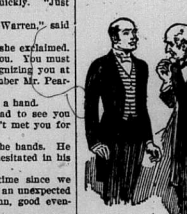
"Why—why, yes, sir! I should think it might be, sir."

"Yup! Well, I know a worse one. It's a house full of mysteries. By, by, son. Pleasant dreams."

He sat up until late, meditating profoundly. Then, taking from its envelope the letter yet unsealed, which he had written to Miss Abigail Baker, he added this postscript:

"Eleven o'clock. I have decided, Abble, to accept the guardianship and the rest of it for a spell anyhow. Shall notify the lawyers in the morning. Necessity is one thing, and pleasure is another. I doubt if I find the job pleasant, but I guess it is necessary. Anyhow, it looks that way to me."

Announcement of Captain Elisha's decision followed quickly. Sylvester, Kuhn & Graves received the telephone message stating it, and the senior partner was unqualifiedly delighted. Kuhn accepted his associate's opinion with some reservation. As for Mr. Graves, when the information was conveyed to him by messenger, he expressed disgust and dismay. "Ridiculous!" he said. "Doctor, I simply must be up and about within the next few days. It is necessary that a sane, conservative man be at the office. Far be it from me to say a word against Sylvester as a lawyer, but he is subject to impressions. I imagine this Cape Codder made him laugh, and, therefore, in his opinion, is all right. I'm glad I'm not a joker."



"A barn full of rats is a nuisance, ain't it?"

The captain said that he would be down later on to talk things over. Meanwhile, if the "papers and such" could be got together, it would "sort of help along."

When Mrs. Corcoran Dunn made her daily visit to the Warren apartment that afternoon she found Caroline alone and almost in tears. Captain Elisha had broken the news at the table during luncheon, after which he went downtown. Stephen, having ravished, protested and made himself generally disagreeable and his sister correspondingly miserable, had departed for the club. It was a time for confidences, and the wily Mrs. Dunn realized that fact. She soothed, comforted and within half an hour had learned the whole story. Incidentally she learned that a possible five hundred thousand was the extreme limit of the family's pecuniary resources.

"Now you know everything!" sobbed Caroline. "Oh, Mrs. Dunn, you won't desert us, will you?"

"You may depend on Malcolm and me, dear," Mrs. Dunn declared. "We are not fair weather friends. And, after all, it is not so very bad. Affairs might be very much worse."

"Worse! Oh, Mrs. Dunn how could they be? Think of it! Stephen and I are dependent upon him for everything. We must ask him for every penny. And whatever he says to do we must do. We're obliged to."

On Thursday after luncheon as Captain Elisha sat in his own room reading a book he had taken from the library there came a knock at the door. "Come ahead in!" ordered the captain. Caroline entered. Her uncle rose and put down the book.

"Oh," he exclaimed, "is it you? Excuse me. I thought 'twas the commodore—Edwards, I mean. If I'd known you was comin' callin', Caroline, I shouldn't have been quite so bossy."

"Thank you," answered his niece. "I came to see you on—I suppose you might call it business. At any rate, it is a financial matter. I sha'n't detain you long."

Captain Elisha was a trifle disappointed.

"Oh," he said, "on business, was it? I hoped—I didn't know but you'd come just out of sociability. However, I'm mighty glad to see you, Caroline."

"Captain Warren," she began, "I—I came to ask a favor. I am obliged to ask it because you are our"—she almost choked over the hated word—"our guardian, and I can no longer act on my own responsibility. I wish to ask you for some money."

Captain Elisha nodded gravely.

"I see," he said. "Well, Caroline, I don't believe you'll find me very close fisted. I think I told you and Steve that you was to do just as you'd been in the habit of doin'. Is your regular allowance too small? Remember, I don't know much about such things here in New York, and you must be frank and shoveboard and tell me if you have any complaints."

"I have no complaints. My allowance is sufficient. It is the same that father used to give me, and it is all I need. One of the maids, Annie, has trouble at home, and I wanted to help her."

The captain nodded once more.

"Annie," he repeated, "that's the rosy faced one, the Irish one?"

"Yes. Her father was seriously injured the other day and cannot work. His hip is broken, and the doctor's bill will be large. They are very poor, and I thought perhaps"—she hesitated, faltered and then said haughtily, "Father was very sympathetic and liked to have me do such things."

"Sho! Sho! Sartin! Course he did. I like it too. I'm glad you came to me just as you did, Caroline. How much do you want to start with?"

"I don't know exactly. I thought I might ask our own doctor to attend to the case and might send them some delicacies and food."

"Good idea! Go right ahead, Caroline. How'd the accident happen? Anybody's fault, was it?"

Caroline's eyes snapped. "Indeed it was!" she said indignantly. "It was a wet morning after a rain, and the pavement was slippery. Mr. Moriarty, Annie's father, was not working that day, and he had gone out to do the family marketing. He was crossing the street when an automobile, recklessly driven, so every one says, drove directly down on him. He tried to jump out of the way and succeeded, otherwise he might have been killed, but he fell and broke his hip. It is an old man, and the case is serious."

"Dear, dear, you don't tell me! Poor old chap! The auto feller—did he help? Seems to me he ought to be the one to be spendin' the money. 'Twas his fault."

"Help! Indeed, he didn't! He and the man with him merely laughed as if it was a good joke, put on speed and disappeared as quickly as possible."

"Why, the mean swab! Did this Mr. Moriarty or the folks around get the license number of the auto?"

"No. All they know is that it was a big yellow car with two men in it."

"Hey? A yeller car?"

"Yes. Somewhat similar to the one Malcolm—Mr. Dunn—drives."

"So, so! Hum! Where did it happen?"

"On St. Nicholas avenue, near One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street."

"Eh? St. Nicholas avenue, you say?"

"Yes." Caroline rose and turned to go. "Thank you, Captain Warren," she said. "I will tell Dr. Henry to take the case at once."

The captain did not answer immediately. With his chin in his hand he was gazing at the floor.

"Good afternoon," said Caroline. Her uncle looked up.

"Er—wait just a minute, Caroline," he said. "You have your doctor go right ahead and see to the old man, and you order the things to eat and whatever's necessary. But afore you give Annie or her father any money I'd kind of like to figger a little mite." His voice stopped short, turned and stared at him.

"Oh," she said slowly and icily, "I understand—thoroughly. Don't trouble to 'figure,' as you call it. Oh, why did I humiliate myself? I should have known!"

"Caroline, please"—

But the girl had gone, closing the door after her.

Half an hour later the captain called upon Malcolm Dunn, who was much surprised to see him.

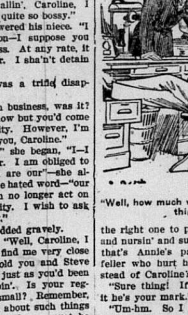
Captain Elisha took the offered chair and dropped his hat on the floor beside it.

"Well," observed the young man after a moment. "what's the trouble, admiral? Better get it off your chest, hadn't you? We're private enough here."

"I came to see you about an automobile," said the captain.

"An automobile!" The young man was so astonished that he actually removed his feet from the desk. Then he burst into a laugh. "An automobile?" he repeated. "Captain, has the influence of the metropolis made you a sport already? Do you want to buy a car?"

"Buy one?" It was Captain Elisha's turn to show irritation. "Buy one of them things? Me? No, Mr. Dunn, 'tain't that. But one of the hired help up to our place—Caroline's place, I mean—is in trouble on account of one of the dum machines. They're poor folks, of course, and they need money to help 'em through the doctorin' and nursin' and while the old man's out of work. Caroline was for givin' it to 'em right off. She's a good hearted girl, but I said—that is, I kind of coaxed her out of it. I thought I'd ask some questions first. Here's the first one: Don't it seem to you that



"Well, how much will it take to square things?"

the right one to pay for the doctorin' and nursin' and such of Mr. Moriarty—that's Annie's pa—ought to be the feller who hurt him? That feller instead of Caroline?"

"Sure thing! If you know who did it he's your mark."

"Um-hm. So I thought. And if he was a right minded chap he'd be glad to help the poor critter, providin' he knew what damage he'd done, wouldn't you think so?"

Malcolm nodded sagely, opened his mouth to speak and then closed it again. A sudden recollection came to him, an alarming recollection.

"Where did this accident happen?" asked Mr. Dunn, his condescending smile absent.

"At the corner of St. Nicholas avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street. It happened last Friday mornin' a week ago. And the car that hit him was a yellow one. Naturally, when I found out it I remembered what you told Mr. Sylvester and me at the club that afternoon. I understand how 'twas of course. If you'd known you'd really hurt the poor old man you'd have stopped to see him. I understand that. But"—

"Look here," interrupted Dunn sharply, "did Caroline send you to me?"

"Caroline? No, no! She don't know 'twas your automobile at all. But afore she spent any of her money I thought you'd ought to know, because I was sure you wouldn't let her. That's the way I'd feel, and I felt 'twas no more'n honest to give you the chance. I come on my own hook. She didn't know anything about it."

Malcolm drummed on the desk with nervous fingers.

"Well," he growled pettishly, "how much will it take to square things with the gang? How much damages do they want?"

"Damages? Oh, there won't be any claim for damages, I guess. The Moriartys don't know you did it, and there's no reason why they should. I thought maybe I'd see to 'em and do whatever was necessary, then you could settle with me and the whole business would be just between us two. Outside the doctor's bills and food and nursin' and such all the extra help will be just the old man's wages for the time he's away from the factory. 'Twon't be very heavy."

"All right! I'm in it. I can see that, and it's up to me to get out as easy as I can. I don't want any newspaper publicity. Go ahead. I'll pay the freight."

Captain Elisha arose and picked up his hat.

Malcolm, frowning heavily, suddenly asked a final question.

"Say," he demanded, "you'll not tell Caroline or Steve a word of this, mind!"

The captain seemed surprised.

"I guess you didn't catch what I said, Mr. Dunn," he observed mildly. "I told you this whole business would be just between you and me."

CHAPTER VIII.

"Thank You, Uncle."

CAPTAIN ELISHA had been pretty well satisfied with the result of his visit to young Dunn at the latter's office. Malcolm had surrendered, perhaps not gracefully or unconditionally, but he had surrendered, and the condition—secrecy—was one which the captain himself had suggested.

Captain Elisha found some solace and forgetfulness of the unpleasant life he was leading in helping the stricken Moriarty family. Annie, the maid at the apartment, he swore to secrecy. She must not tell Miss Caroline of his visits to her parents' home. Dr. Henry also, though he could not understand why, promised silence. Caroline herself had engaged his services in the case, and he was faithful.

"Goin' to be a pretty expensive job, ain't it, doctor?" asked the captain of the physician.

"Rather, I'm afraid."

"All right. If expense is necessary don't be afraid of it. You do just what you'd ought to and send the bill to me."

"But Miss Warren insisted upon my sending it to her. She said it was a private matter and one with which you as her guardian had nothing to do."

"I know. Caroline intends to use her own allowance, I s'pose. Well, let her think she will if 'twill please her. But when it comes to the settlement call on me. Give her any reason you want to. Say she's wealthy friend of the family come to life all at once and couldn't sleep unless he paid the costs."

"But there isn't any such friend, is there, Captain Warren? Other than yourself, I mean?"

Captain Elisha grinned in appreciation of a private poke. "There is somebody else," he admitted, "who'll pay a share, anyhow. But, anyhow, you saw wood or bones or whatever you have to do, and leave the rest to me. And don't tell Caroline or anybody else a word."

News from the Moriarty sick room continued favorable for a time. Then with alarming suddenness a change came. The broken hip was mending slowly, but poor Pat's age was against him, and the shock and long illness were too much for his system to fight. Dr. Henry shook his head dubiously when the captain asked questions. And one morning at breakfast Edwards informed him that the old man was dead.

Captain Elisha, though not greatly surprised, was shocked and grieved. It seemed such a needless tragedy, almost like murder, although there was no malice in it. And the thought of the fatherless children and the poverty of the stricken family made him shudder.

But just before evening his blueness had disappeared. He had just returned to his room, after stepping into the hall to drop his letter in the mail chute, when his niece knocked at the door.

"Captain Warren," she began hurriedly, "the last time I came to you—the last time I came here, I came to ask a favor, and you—I thought you"—

"Yes, Caroline," he said gravely, "I know what you mean. Won't you—won't you sit down?"

"Captain Warren," she began once more, "the time I came to you in this room you were, so I thought, unreasonable and unkind. I asked you for money to help a poor family in trouble, and you refused to give it to me."

"No, Caroline" he interrupted. "I didn't refuse; you only thought I did."

She held up her hand. "Please let me go on," she begged. "I thought you refused, and I couldn't understand why. I was hurt and angry. I knew that father never would have refused me under such circumstances, and you were his brother. But since then, only today, I have learned that I was wrong. I have learned"—

She paused. The captain was silent. He was beginning to hope, to believe once more in his judgment of character, and yet with his hope and growing joy there was a trifle of anxiety.

"I have learned," went on his niece, "that I was mistaken. I can't understand yet why you wished to wait before saying 'yes,' but I do know that it must have been neither because you were unkind nor ungenerous. I have just come from those poor people, and they have told me everything."

Captain Elisha started. "What did they tell you?" he asked quickly. "Who told you?"

(To be continued.)

NO MORE NERVOUS HEADACHES

Since She Tried "FRUIT-A-TIVES". The Famous Fruit Medicine.

MISS ANNIE WARD

112 Hazen St., St. John, N.B.

"It is with pleasure that I write to tell you of the great benefit I received from the use of your medicine, 'Fruit-a-tives'. I was a great sufferer for many years from *Nervous Headaches and Constipation*. I tried everything, consulted doctors; but nothing seemed to help me until I tried 'Fruit-a-tives'.

After I had taken several boxes, I was completely relieved of these troubles and have been unusually well ever since."

Miss ANNIE WARD.

'Fruit-a-tives' is fresh fruit juices, concentrated and increased in strength, combined with finest tonics, and is a positive and reliable remedy for Headaches and Constipation.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

900 Drops
The Proprietary or Patent Medicine to be Used in Connection with the Food by Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Thereby Promoting Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC
A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhoea and Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP resulting therefrom in Infancy.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY MONTREAL & NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES 35 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SHILOH 25¢

The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

Shingles!

Red Cedar and White Cedar in Stock.

AT SPECIAL PRICES

ROBERT LIGHT, Richard Street.

Telephone 53. Napanee, Ont.

Preferred Creditors.

War has taken less from Sir Arthur Currie and given more to Sir Arthur, Currie than war has taken and given to dealings with other Canadian soldiers and their next of kin.

Canada owes more pressing war debts than any debt this country may owe to Sir Arthur Currie or any other general.

Canada has proved "a bountiful jade" to army leaders who are better off in war than they ever were in peace.

Canada's preferred creditors in this war are the soldiers who have put in everything at $1.10 per day and taken nothing out but death, wounds, tortured bodies and crippled limbs.—Toronto Telegram.

Soldiers!

Two trench-stained Tommies dishevelled, torn, wounded and highly untidy, were on leave in London. They stood in Trafalgar Square when there approached a detachment of the Windsor Guard in silver trappings, plumed helmets, red coats, long varnished boots shining like mirrors, and kid gloves. The Tommies looked on in silence a moment, and then one nudged the other, and said in an awed voice, "Look, Bill—sojers."

HOW TO KEEP WELL

BY JOHN W. S. McCULLOUGH, M.D., D.P.H., CHIEF OFFICER OF THE PROVINCIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

TYPHOID FEVER is a severe disease coming on with headache, rise of temperature, diarrhoea, and abdominal distention. It always occurs as the result of taking into one's stomach food or drink contaminated with the body discharges. These discharges may enter one's mouth in water which has been polluted with sewage containing typhoid germs, with milk or food to which the germs have been carried by flies, by dirty hands, by dirty water, etc., or by direct contact with a person ill of typhoid fever. It is also distributed by "carriers," that is by persons who, though immune to the disease themselves, carry the germs of the disease in their intestines and transmit it to others through the discharges reaching food, etc. "Typhoid Mary," **TYPHOID FEVER** the New York cook who gave the disease to a large number of people before she was locked up, is a typhoid example of a typhoid carrier. People who have typhoid fever may carry the disease for a long time and be a source of danger to others, especially if they have anything to do with the preparation of food.

Typhoid fever is rather common about the farms especially if a single case has occurred in a neighborhood where there is any chance of the final discharges of the sick person. A typical example of this occurred in connection with an outbreak of the disease at Plymouth, Pa., in 1885. Plymouth is a mining town with a population at the time of the outbreak of about 8,000. Its water-supply was obtained from a mountain stream draining an almost uninhabited watershed, and the water for the town was impounded in a series of four impounding reservoirs. In January a man living up stream, who had spent his Christmas holidays in Philadelphia, became ill at his home. The excreta were not disinfected but were thrown either into the frozen creek or upon its snow-covered banks. In March there came a spring thaw and the accumulations of excreta were washed down the stream. Three weeks later there was an acute outbreak of typhoid fever in the little town. In some days as many as 100 cases occurred. One thousand and four cases were reported. There were, it is estimated, altogether 1,500 cases and the deaths numbered 114. The infection was most marked in those who used the town water supply, the epidemic being limited to the users of this water. Those who used well water escaped the disease. This epidemic of typhoid was studied and definitely traced to its source by competent observers. It is a marked example of the necessity of protection of public water supplies.

We are not exempt from such lessons in Ontario. The outbreak of typhoid in Ottawa in 1911 and again in 1913, and that of the town of Sarnia in 1911-12, all of which were proven to have occurred as the result of sewage-polluted water, have been sharp lessons in our own province, lessons unhappily which have not yet convinced the respective civic authorities of the necessity of adequate protection of their water-supplies.

In the majority of cases the well is the chief and usually the only source of water supply. It is in many cases a safe supply, especially if it is a deep or driven well and more particularly if it is well protected against surface drainage. But many farm wells are shallow with the curb made of unjointed timber or stone which allow of easy drainage to the well. The covering is often of loose boards through which surface impurities may easily run. The danger is slight unless the impurities contain, which they may easily do, the excreta of persons carelessly thrown upon the ground. If the excreta comes from a person affected with typhoid the danger is imminent, and there is almost a certainty that users of the water will suffer from the disease. The moral is plain: PROTECT THE WELL!

* * * *

Summer Diarrhoea kills a large number of babies every summer. It is preventable if care is taken with the babies' food. If at all severe call the doctor at once. In case he is not always safe to give a dose **SUMMER DIARRHOEA** of the good old-fashioned castor oil. That is one of the mother remedies to be banked upon. If the diarrhoea is severe cut off all food, especially MILK, which is death to a baby with diarrhoea, but give boiled water in as large amounts as the baby would have of food. In older children give only water and gruel or dry toast. But get a doctor at once.

N.B.—Questions on subjects pertinent to public health will be answered from time to time.

IF IT'S AN

"EMPIRE" TYPEWRITER

Then you know it's

MADE IN CANADA

Ask

E. J. POLLARD

About this Canadian Product

No. 1 — $65.00 — Terms if you wish — No. 2 — $85.00

Toronto Office: 18 Adelaide St., West

TESTING SEED AT HOME

HINTS FOR SECURING PERFECT SATISFACTION.

Experiments Will Show How Heavily to Sow In the Open to Secure the Best Results—Tests Can Be Made by Using Pieces of Damp Blotting Paper, But Use of Earth Advised.

Added interest in the season's work is provided the amateur or professional gardener in the practice of testing his seeds at home, even though he is entirely dependent upon the reputation of the seedman for getting seed of the variety he orders. To be sure, all seeds exposed for sale must come up to a certain standard of vitality, but even when the Government requirements in this regard are complied with there is plenty of chance for the seed to be better or worse as regards its percentage of germination, and it is no doubt a satisfaction to the grower to know just what to expect as regards the number of plants that will appear as a result of sowing at a certain thickness. About two-thirds of the percentage considered possible for a given variety is the requirement for the Government standard, and yet it is possible that a sample may test considerably higher. If such is the case, it would be a pity to sow more seed to the given area than is necessary to ensure a satisfactory stand of plants.

A report of the analysis of the seed can be secured by sending a sample to the Seed Branch or to any experimental station, but if the intending grower decides to make the test himself it is better to plant fifty or a hundred of the seeds in a flat box of earth and see how many of them will develop into plants. They should be planted just as deeply in the box as they would be if planted in the garden. This is a much better test than that ordinarily made between moist blotters, or in similar ways which enable many seeds to sprout that have not vitality enough to produce good plants in the garden, or even to get through the soil at all. It is not necessary to demand as high a germination percentage in case of cabbage, tomato, or other seeds that are to be started indoors or in hotbeds and transplanted later, but in general at least eighty out of every hundred tested should grow.

If it is too much trouble to make the actual planting test, another may be made by simply putting seeds between sheets of blotting paper, and keeping them moist, but not too wet, and at ordinary room temperature—about 60 degrees F.—for a reasonable length of time. Radishes and lettuce may be expected to sprout in two or three days, while carrots and some other seeds may require much longer time. If blotting paper is not available, several thicknesses of an ordinary newspaper or, perhaps better, cloth may be used to hold the moisture. The bottom of a shallow dish should be covered with half an inch or an inch of sand, which will keep the blotting paper moist and furnish drainage to keep the water from standing around the seed. If many tests are to be made at once, two sheets of paper or cloth, between which the first layer of seeds is placed, may be made the bottom of a considerable pile of similar tests which can be thoroughly sprinkled from the top and allowed to drain down into the sand.

It is important that the temperature be kept uniform, ventilation be good, and the drainage be thorough, and that moisture be kept about the seeds. These conditions can be controlled well in many kitchens, living rooms and basements, but perhaps the incubator will control them better than anything else found on the farm. It would probably not be a good thing to try to make tests while eggs are being hatched; but if many samples are to be tested, the incubator can be filled up with seeds enough to make it pay to run it.

FIGHTING THE RATS.

Poisons May Be Used With Good Results.

While the use of poison is the best and quickest way to get rid of rats and mice, the odor from the dead animals makes the method impracticable in occupied houses. Poisons may be effectively used in barns, stables, sheds, cribs and other outbuildings.

There are laws which prohibit the laying of poisons on lands owned or controlled by the poisoner. Hence it is all the more necessary to exercise extreme caution to prevent accidents. Poison for rats should never be placed in open or unshelter ed places. This applies particularly to strychnine or arsenic on meat.

Barrel Trap—1, With Stiff Paper Cover; 2, With Hinged Cover—a, Stop; b, Baits.

Packages containing poisons should always bear a warning label and should not be kept where children might reach them.

Barium Carbonate.—One of the cheapest and most effective poisons for rats and mice is barium carbonate. This mineral has the advantage of being without taste or smell. It has a corrosive action on the mucous lining of the stomach and is dangerous to larger animals if taken in sufficient quantity.

Barium carbonate may be fed in the form of dough composed of four parts of meal or flour and one part of the mineral. A more convenient bait is ordinary oatmeal with about one-eighth of its bulk of the mineral, mixed with water into a stiff dough. A third plan is to spread the barium carbonate upon fish, toasted bread (moistened), or ordinary bread and butter.

Strychnine. — Strychnine is too rapid in action to make its use for rats desirable in houses, but elsewhere it may be employed effectively. Strychnia sulphate is the best form to use. The dry crystals may be inserted in small pieces of raw meat, vienna sausage or toasted cheese, and these placed in rat runs or burrows; or oatmeal may be moistened with a strychnine syrup and small quantities laid in the same way.

Strychnine syrup is prepared as follows: Dissolve a half ounce of strychnine sulphate in a pint of boiling water; add a pint of thick sugar syrup and stir thoroughly.

Arsenic.—Arsenic is probably the most popular of the rat poisons, owing to its cheapness, yet our experiments prove that, measured by the results obtained, arsenic is dearer than strychnine. Besides, arsenic is extremely variable in its effect upon rats, and if the animals survive a first dose it is very difficult to induce them to take another.

Powdered white arsenic (arsenious acid) may be fed to rats in almost any of the baits mentioned under barium carbonate and strychnine. It has been used successfully when rubbed into fresh fish or spread on buttered toast. Another method is to mix 12 parts by weight of cornmeal and one part of arsenic with whites of eggs into a stiff dough.

Phosphorus.—For poisoning rats and mice, phosphorus is used almost as commonly as arsenic, and undoubtedly is more effective if given in an attractive bait. The phosphorus paste of the drug stores is usually dissolved yellow phosphorus mixed with glucose or other substances. The proportion of phosphorus varies from one-fourth of one per cent. to four per cent. The first amount is too small to be always effective, and the last is dangerously inflammable. When homemade preparations of phosphorus are used there is much danger of burning the person or of setting fire to crops or buildings.

Alberta's First Thirty-pound Cow.

The first 30-pound cow in Alberta, or for that matter in any of the Prairie Provinces, has just been reported. This is Howarth Vale De-Kol, owned at the Provincial Exper imentation Farm, Stony Plain, Alta., whose production for seven days at time of report had reached 498 lbs. milk and 24.30 lbs. fat, equal to 30.37 lbs. butter 80 per cent. fat. The herd at the Demonstration Farm has been for some time under the capable management of Mr. G. H. Manhard, who made so many high records with the Hol-Loo and Colcroft herds, so we may confidently look forward to other sensational work at Stony Plain.

The World's Record.

The world's record for milk productions stands to the credit of Tilly Alcartia, an Ayrshire heifer —33,424 lbs. of milk in a year, an average of over 51 lbs. per day.

Tilly's average daily ration in concentrates consisted of 3¾ lbs. soy bean meal, half a pound linseed meal, 1¼ lbs. cottonseed meal, 2½ lbs. bran, the same of ground oats, and 4 1-5 lbs. ground barley — a total of nearly 16¼ lbs. per day.

Her roughage consisted of 9¼ lbs. ensilage per day, 11 lbs. alfalfa, 5 7½ lbs. beets and 6 lbs. beet pulp.

Ensilage the Main Reliance.

The mangel is an excellent root crop for stock. Mangels may replace about half the grain now ordinarily fed in a ration of grain, mixed hay and silage without reducing the yield of milk or butter.

But any man producing milk should arrange at an early date for a silo and a full supply of silage. Excellent as are mangels, it costs substantially as much to grow an acre of them as of silage corn. One can get from 4,000 to 6,000 pounds of dry matter in good silage corn, whereas he could get no more than 1,600 to 2,000 pounds of dry matter from an acre of mangels or sugar beets that cost quite as much to grow as the silage corn.

FOULARD FOR VEST

Material to Be Favorite, Taking Place of Fur.

Dresses and Suits for Early Spring Wear Show Trimmings and Linings of the Fabric.

Like the well-loved perennials of the garden, tulips, hyacinths and jonquils, which come back each year to find a joyous welcome, writes an exchange, our old friend foulard will again be a favorite when fur coats are laid aside. Many of the dresses and suits designed for early spring wear show trimmings and linings of foulard. A simple sport coat of blue gabardine is given quite a dashing touch by its vest of dotted foulard—white dots on a blue ground. This vest is, in reality, the front of one of the new long-skirted peplum blouses which are designed for wear with cutaway coats of various lines. When the coat is removed a very attractive foulard blouse is displayed. The edges of the neck, sleeves and the peplum are bound with white foulard. A narrow belt of patent leather holds the fullness at the waistline. The coat belt is made of its own material, held by a silver buckle. A stole-like collar completes the neckline of the coat and extends in tabs below the belt. The hat, which is designed for wear with this suit and blouse, is made of the same material as the

The Foulard Vest.

blouse—that is, dotted foulard—and is faced with plain blue taffeta. It is bound with dark blue gros grain ribbon and a band of the same ribbon ties the crown.

COPY WAISTCOATS OF MEN

Garments Donned by Fastidious Beaux of Other Days Now Charming Fashion for Women.

Waistcoats and waistcoat blouses are among the newest fashions from Paris, and are one more of the many charming old-fashioned modes which have been adapted to present-day styles. This particular fashion was taken from the clothes worn, not by the women, but by the men of long ago, for waistcoats of varied and brilliant fabrics were the garments most delighted in by the fastidious beaux of other days.

No less varied and fanciful are the waistcoats of today. They are made in the most delicate of chiffons, as well as in such wool materials as these times offer. Some of them consist of a front section of metal brocade which shows only when the coat is open, and others are made like a blouse, with sleeves of chiffon or crepe de chine, and with back and front of brocade or satin.

Waistcoats of this kind are worn with a suit, and when the coat is open they look much more substantial and effective than the ordinary blouse. Without the coat they make a one-piece costume of the suit, and one is not aware of any lack of harmony such as usually results from the use of an ordinary blouse and the suit skirt.

Fashion Notes.

Georgette continues to predominate as the blouse fabric, but as early spring fashions crowd out the new prevailing modes, look for blouses of voile, dimity and net. Blouses in such striking colors as Peking blue and henna or a midseason novelty. Sealskin browns and navy are two other good blouse colors of the moment, the material in all instances being georgette.

ASTHMA COUGHS

WHOOPING COUGH SPASMODIC CROUP BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene

Est. 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Used with success for 35 years. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the throat, stops the cough, assuring restful nights. Cresolene is invaluable to mothers with young children and a boon to sufferers from Asthma. Send for booklet describing Cresolene and how to obtain it.

VAPO-CRESOLENE CO., Leeming-Miles Bldg., Montreal.

MAY TRAIN WOMEN

Plan to Develop Them Same as Men in War Camps.

Government Cantonments to Be Used and the Work Extended to Every Part of Country.

Women will be trained in government cantonments if plans of the United States training corps for women be carried out. The corps, organized for women war workers in Washington, under the direction of Miss Susanna Cocroft of Chicago, has been turned into a permanent organization for building up women physically and fitting them for the places they are taking in business, industry and in the work of the nation generally.

Admiral Cary T. Grayson will act as medical director of the corps. On the board of directors with Miss Cocroft are Surgeon General Rupert Blue, Gen. Enoch Crowder, Brig. Gen. J. F. Kerr, Mrs. Robert Lansing, wife of the secretary of state; Miss Mabel T. Boardman of the American Red Cross, Mrs. Franklin K. Lane, wife of the secretary of interior; Miss Gertrude Lane, well known magazine editor, and Julius Kahn, chairman of the military affairs committee of the house of representatives.

Permission has been asked of the war department for the use of a part of the cantonments when they are released from military service for use as training camps where women can be trained as teachers of setting-up exercises and semi-military drills. These teachers will be equipped to give training in industrial plants and public schools. The corps has also asked for the use of parts of the cantonments for recreation camps, where physicians can send women and children who do not need medicine so much as they need conditioning.

The original training corps by Washington numbered more than 3,500 war-working women. It was organized on the White House lot and the war department furnished 75 army officers to assist Miss Cocroft.

The work will be extended to every part of the country, modeled after the system which has developed the men in the war training camps, except that it will be made specially suited for the training of women.

In announcing the purpose of the corps, Miss Cocroft, its organizer and director, said: "We wish to utilize the knowledge of what the camps have done for men, mentally and physically, and to apply this same knowledge to the conditioning of women while the public mind is quickened to this utility, so that all men and women, the young, the middle-aged, the old, may be given an opportunity to benefit by outdoor life regularly supervised and trained under semi-military discipline and under the supervision of competent medical and nursing assistance."

SASH IS IN THE LIMELIGHT

Accessory Is More Sophisticated and Alluring Than Was Its Predecessor of a Decade Ago.

The sash of 1919 is a more sophisticated and alluring accessory than its predecessor of a decade ago, and it is adjusted to suit the fancy of the wearer or the artistic conception of the designer. Sometimes the bow is directly in the back, big and broad, like the obi of the maid of old Japan. Again the loops will be placed at the right or the left side, a pretty, jaunty arrangement of silk or satin, sometimes with one instead of two long ends and fringe edged. Then there is the broad girdle, usually of the material, deftly manœuvered with ends terminating in tassels.

However it is introduced the sash is a distinctive feature of frocks. Even the tailored serge, fashioned severely, with high collar and long, tight sleeves, bonsts a sash these days, at least one chic model does, the sash being of the material and terminating in a wide bow at the normal waistline in the back. Another use for the material sash is on the velvet frock, one example being an old rose velvet gown worn by a young girl in one of the new plays. It is a delightfully simple gown, one-piece, medium width skirt and wide girdle and broad bow of the velvet. A narrow band of kolinsky outlines the round neck and edges the modified kimono sleeves.

The sash, on the order of the sweater accessory, of medium width and finished with bulls and tassels of silk, is still in vogue and it is particularly adapted to the trim little gown of tricolette or the equally supple wool serim.

HAT, COLLARETTE AND MUFF

Three-Piece Sets of Fur or Fur and Silk or Velvet Combined Comprise Attractive Outfit.

What could be more fascinating than some one of the three-piece sets —hat, collarette and muff—made of fur or fur and silk or velvet combined? They are of varied shapes and in numerous color combinations, these jaunty little sets.

One set consists of turban, with just the top of the crown of kolinsky, while the lower part of the turban is swathed with velvet in a charming old blue tone, the velvet terminating in a large loop at the left side toward the back. A large crushed band of the velvet edged at the top with a narrow band of the kolinsky forms the collarette, which also terminates in a large bow at the left side towards the back. The muff is made of the blue velvet and kolinsky. A wide band of the fur forms the center, while the fabric forms the sides, one end of which is drawn through a band of the fur.

Another set consists of a wrap which after being snugly draped about the shoulders crosses in front and is tied in the back with a velvet ribbon. The muff would be simple and round, were it not for the velvet bow that runs through it, with loops of velvet with twist. The hat is oddly shaped and fits the head closely; at the top are loops of the velvet ribbon. Ba...

Auditors' Report for Town of Napanee

For the Year Ending December 31st, 1918

To the Mayor and Members of the Council of Corporation of Napanee, Ont.

Gentlemen,—We, your Auditors, appointed to audit the books for the year 1918, beg leave to report as follows:—

We have carefully checked the Receipts of your Treasurer as recorded in the Cash Book and find them to correspond with the stubs of the Book of Receipts. The entries for all disbursements have been properly and correctly made and proper vouchers for the same have been received.

The amount on deposit with the Merchants Bank on December 31st was $1,497.85. There were four cheques outstanding amounting to $41.64. This amount taken from the balance as shown by the Bank leaves $1,456.21, which is the amount shown by the Treasurer's books.

We have audited the books of the Treasurer of the School Board, and find the entries therein have been correctly made. Proper vouchers have been produced for all monies paid out.

We find the books of the Treasurer of the Corporation also those of the Treasurer of the School Board are neatly kept and all vouchers properly filed.

The Clerk of the Corporation holds renewal receipts for payment of premium on a Bond of Eight Thousand Dollars upon your Treasurer, issued by The Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., which is in force for one year from November 1st, 1918.

We present you herewith a Detailed Statement of the Receipts and Expenditures; a Statement of Assets and Liabilities and a Statement of the Debenture Debt of the Corporation, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Secretary of The Bureau of Industries, Toronto, as required by Sec. 237 of The Municipal Act, (R. S. O. 1914 Chap. 192).

We also present you with an Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasurer of the School Board.

We also present you with a statement of The Harvey Warnke Trust Fund Account, showing a balance of $1917.95, $1,400.00 of which is invested in Victory Bonds, leaving a balance in The Merchants Bank of $17.95.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. C. BAKER,
JOHN T. GRANGE,
Auditors.

Napanee, February 12th, 1919.

NAPANEE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Abstract Statement of Income and Expenditure, 1918.

Income.		Expenditure.	
Cash on hand, Jan. 1st, 1918	$ 74.08	Salaries	$ 8,890.50
Municipal grant	9,982.00	Fuel	1,314.52
Legislative grant	145.39	Supplies	162.79
Legislative grant, special	380.00	Expense	245.84
Superannuation tax	199.76	Repairs	465.22
Insurance	460.00	Insurance	132.49
Fees	95.00	Printing and Stationery	53.80
Wood	11.00	Balance on Hand	1.75
	$11,167.03		$11,167.03

A. C. BAKER,
JOHN T. GRANGE,
Auditors.

Audited February 3rd, 1919.

NAPANEE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Abstract Statement of Income and Expenditure, 1918.

Income.		Expenditure.	
Cash on hand, Jan. 1st, 1918	$ 5,580.57	Salaries	$ 9,720.93
Municipal grant, town	5,359.95	Equipment	148.88
Municipal grant, County	4,985.65	Examinations	205.59
Legislative grant	864.32	Expense, miscellaneous	67.53
Superannuation tax	230.00	Fuel	462.90
Fees	56.00	Insurance	194.35
Interest	34.85	Printing and Stationery	39.62
Strathcona Trust	68.62	Repairs	112.36
		Supplies	302.83
		Strathcona Trust	60.05
		Balance.—	
		Collegiate Institute account	5,856.93
		Strathcona Trust	27.93
	$17,088.76		$17,088.76

A. C. BAKER,
JOHN T. GRANGE,
Auditors.

Audited February 3rd, 1919.

FOR ADVANCED SPRING WEAR

An attractive blue duvetyn trettuer costume with chenille embroidered vest and sleeve of henna crepe.

GRACEFUL FOR THE BALLROOM

This rich gown is carried out entirely of gold brocaded metal cloth draped into long, graceful lines.

BLACK AND WHITE REVIVED

Magpie Combination Part of New Craze for Bright Colors—French Blue Is Popular.

The revived interest in the black and white or magpie combination is really part of this new craze for bright colors, for as far as the effect is concerned black and white in combination has nothing to do either with all black or all white, and it is sure to come to the foreground only in seasons when women of fashion go in for bright, high colors.

During the war little of it was seen. It was too vivid, too striking, too gay. But with the new interest in bright hues it has come to its own and is bound to be seen in many of the new frocks and may find acceptance in some of the midseason millinery.

Because of the sentiment connected with French blue and the actual fact that it is very becoming to most women, the dressmakers are bringing out accessories in this color. There are French blue handkerchiefs, slippers and stockings; there are blouses of it made of handkerchief linen; and one of the foremost designers of tailored suits in the country uses French blue blouses frilled from neck to waist under suits of covert cloth.

Invention for Keeping Milk Fresh.

The question of keeping milk fresh has become more and more acute during the past few years. Different methods have been tried, but the results have not been satisfactory. However, it now looks as if the problem has been solved, as a young Danish mechanic has invented a method by which milk may be kept sweet for months, and possibly for years. By this process the butter-fat particles are split up, so that the milk cannot set cream, and thereafter it is sterilized. Filled into especially constructed transport pails, the milk thus treated, besides keeping for months, will also retain its taste and aroma as well as its full nourishment value. The invention has been bought by a Danish creamery organization for about $20,000. The necessary machinery is made in Denmark, and great expectations are entertained of the new product as an article of export.

No Signs of Slump.

Heavy artillery horses purchased in America for the British army sold up to $1,312 at Tattersall's auction in London last month. Ninety head realized $49,035, an average of $544, which was considerably more than the British Government paid for them. On the following day another lot of 102 head brought $49,885, an average of $489. The Percheron type predominated at both sales.

Gray Hair and Hair Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and for a healthful tonic. Is not a dye. Economical sized bottles at all dealers, ready to use. Philo Hay Co., Newark, N. J.

n-27

This Week

Pure Cane Syrup—in bulk, bring your pails.

Purina Chick Feed—saves little chicks.

Purina Chicken Chowder—makes hens lay.

A large stock of New Garden Seeds in bulk.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St. Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

FOR THE RETURNED SOLDIER

We have placed in stock the special

Waltham and Elgin Watch

adapted to the returned soldier who goes back to civilian life—these watches we find are most appreciated by the returned men—of course they are fully guaranteed and suitably engraved.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 30 years.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

Reliable Rubber Boots

For Trapping and General Use.

Men's Monarch Brand - **$6.50**
Men's Redman Tuff Foot **$5.00**
Men's Pilgrim Heavy Boot **$5.00**

Men's Hip Rubber Boots and Storm King in Monarch and Redman Tuff Foot.

WEISS BROS.

Largest Shoe Dealers
NAPANEE, and TRENTON.

LOOK THEM OVER CAREFULLY

and see if you can find anything more perfect than our shoe repairing. Every stitch even, soles and heels just like those on shoes that have never been worn. Once you test our handiwork you'll realize how needless it is to buy new shoes so often. Our repair work doubles the durability of footwear.

For Men's Boys' and Little Gents' solid leather boots, the Peterborough boots have all others beat. These boots have have stood the test and are second to none. Call and see them for yourself. The quality and prices will surprise you.

We also stock a few lines of Men's fine boots.

J. WILKINS,
Boot Repair Store,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

SPECIAL!
FOR SATURDAY

Extra Fine
Western Beef and Veal.

Specially Nice
Hams and Bacon

NORMILE GROCERY CO'Y.
Successors to The Beverly McDonald Co.

White Ivory toilet articles, the newest goods at prices less than you would pay elsewhere.
M. PIZZARIELLO,
Market Square.

Invest Victory Bond Interest in War Savings Stamps.

The residence of Mr. Charles Stevens, Hay Bay, near Brooks' ferry, was completely destroyed by fire on Tuesday.

The G.W.V.A. dance in the town hall on Friday evening last was a success financially and otherwise and was a very enjoyable evening.

New Perfection Oil Cook Stoves spell **Kitchen Comfort** and **economy.** See them at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

Be sure and see "The Common Cause" in Wonderland on Tuesday evening. The war story with a laugh and a thrill and a throb.

See these grim, avenging fighting tanks in J. Stuart Blacton's screen masterpiece, "The Common Cause" at Wonderland on Tuesday evening.

The Ladies' Aid of Grace church has decided to assist in entertaining the great crowd which is expected in Napanee on July 12th by serving a splendid dinner in the school room.

Marsden Kemp, specialist in piano treatment and tuning is in town and requests those in the country who have requested his services to arrange as soon as possible. Orders at Wallace's drug store.

The regular monthly meeting of the U. E. L. Chapter of the I. O. D. E. will be held in their room next Monday, May 12th, at 3.30 sharp. A full attendance is requested to make plans for the summer work.

The Collegiate Cadet Corps will be inspected by Brigardier Gen. Williams, D. S. O., and Colonel Gillespie on Thursday, May 22nd, at 3 p.m., on the Collegiate Campus. Parents and friends of the boys are invited to be present.

Be sure and hear Corda Ward Buehner, the great American violinist; Rena Horsman, the famous Canadian elocutionist; Evelyn Holyoak, soprano soloist and Thomas G. Mitchelltree, the noted blind pianist, in All Grace church on Saturday evening, 17th inst.

At the reception in Grace church last Sunday morning thirty-two were received into membership by letter and eight on profession of faith. The treasurer's report at the Board meeting on Tuesday night showed that the finances of the church are in the best condition that they ever have been.

The ladies of the town who are interested in hospital work are asked to meet at the town hall, next Tuesday, May 13th, at 3.30 p.m., for the purpose of re-organizing the Napanee Branch of the Kingston Hospital Aid. This is a very necessary work and the hospital is greatly in need of any help that the people of Napanee can give it.

The late Mrs. Junis Smith, who passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Frink, Collins Bay, whom she lived with since the death of her husband, was born in the Township of Portland on Nov. 30th, 1840. Mrs. Smith was twice married. Two children survive, W. R. Babcock, of Wilton, and Maud Frink of Collins Bay. She also survived by eleven grand children and eight great grand children, two brothers W. R. Locke, of Reed City, and Calvin C. Locke, of Parker.

The Governor-General, as Chief Scout for Canada, has been pleased to approve of the granting of the Bronze Cross in recognition of the effort made by the late Frank Ford to save another boy's life at the cost of his own. This is the highest award made by the Boy Scouts' Association, and it has only been given once in the last ten years. Sir Robert-Baden Powell will present it to the parents at the rally of Boy Scouts of Ontario which will be held in Toronto towards the end of this month.

A special memorial service will be held in St. Mary Magdalene's church on Sunday evening, May 18th, for all representatives of the congregation who have made the supreme sacrifice. The number twelve in all. A special offertory will on this occasion be asked from the congregation to defray the expense of two bronze tablets to be erected in the church, one to the memory of those who have fallen, the other an honor roll containing the names of all representatives of the congregation who went overseas.

23-b

Now for Fancy Cake—Go to **H. W. KELLY'S** grocery—fifty different kinds to choose from. All prices from 15c. up to 50c. per lb.

Bring your Foot Troubles here

and have your feet scientifically fitted with the proper appliances to prevent

Fallen Arches, Callouses, Bunions, Etc.

The Haines Shoe Houses
NAPANEE,
Belleville and Smiths Falls.
25tf

Hear Harold Barrett, baritone, of Belleville, at the lecture in the armouries, Monday evening, April 28th, 8 p.m.

PERSONALS

Mr. R. S. Wales accompanied Provincial Detective Greer to Montreal on Thursday.

Mrs. L. B. Shorey, Acton, is visiting her mother, Mrs. C. Warner, Colebrooke.

Miss Helen VanLuven left last week for Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Henderson, Stratford, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Moffat.

Pte. Stanley Cornwall, with his wife and two children, returned from overseas this week.

Miss Clara Martin, Palace road, left on Thursday to spend some time with her sons, Ross, at Fort William, and Harold, at Nokomis, Sask.

Mrs. Geo. A. Cliffe returned on Monday from spending some weeks with Mr. and Mrs. James Scott, New York.

Mrs. McPhail is visiting her sister, Mrs. Coleman, at the Vicarage.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Sexsmith announce the engagement of their eldest daughter, Mabel Verna, to Joseph Rae Smith, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, of Empey Hill. Wedding to take place early in June.

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, G. F. Ruttan, and R. G. Wright were in Kingston on Tuesday attending the Executive Committee meeting of the Diocese of Ontario.

Miss Mildred Gould, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gould, Belleville road, is in the Kingston General Hospital where she underwent an operation for appendicitis, and at latest reports is progressing nicely.

Mrs. R. E. Bicknell, of Boise, Idaho, and Mrs. A. O. Gilbert, of Rochester, daughter-in-law of Mrs. J. T. Grange, arrived in town last Monday on a visit to Mrs. Grange and other friends in the county.

BIRTHS

Barker—On Thursday, May 8th, 1919, at Rye, N.Y., to Mr. and Mrs. Alex. C. Barker, a son.

Root—At Napanee, on Thursday, May 8th, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. Roy C. Root, a son.

MARRIAGES

McMichael—Gray—On Monday, May 5th, 1919, at Trinity Church, by Rev. C. W. DeMille, Jennie Marion Gray, of Richmond, to George Albert McMichael, of Kingston.

DEATHS

Carscallen—At Napanee, on Monday, May 5th, 1919, John Craig Carscallen, aged 81 years, 6 months, 20 days.

Huff—At Adolphustown, on Wednesday, May 7th, 1919, Geo. W. Huff, aged 72 years.

Lee—At Napanee, on Wednesday, May 7th, 1919, Miss Cannie E. Lee.

McMullen—At Camden, on Thursday, May 1st, 1919, Anthony McMullen, aged 88 years, 7 months, 1 day.

Daly's Tea and Coffee for sale at WALLACE'S.

Napanee Lodge No. 86, I.O.O.F., elected Messrs. E. E. Lucas and C. M. Wilson as representatives to Grand Lodge, and Messrs. Fred J. Vanalstine, Chas. Switzer, and O. S. Davis representatives to District Lodge. Argyll Lodge No. 212, elected Messrs. H. C. Garrett and P. E. Wagar representatives to Grand Lodge, and Messrs. H. C. Garrett, P. E. Wagar, J. Birrell, and Roy C. Root representatives to District Lodge. Grand Lodge meets in Toronto in June, and District Lodge in Deseronto on Wednesday next.

Rev. Ben H. Spence, Secretary of the Dominion Alliance, has been convicted by Magistrate Kingsford on a charge of publishing a book forbidden by the censor, and sentenced to a fine of $500 or imprisonment for four months. The book was a reprint, with slight changes, of "The Parisite," published by Arthur Mee in England, and it described the immorality produced by the liquor traffic in that country, and protested against the complacency of the military authorities toward this evil. It made no reflections on the soldiers, but simply described conditions resulting from the liquor traffic. Magistrate Kingsford in giving judgment did not discuss the contents or the merits of the book, but confined himself to two points, namely, the identity of the book and the fact of publication, and on these points found Mr. Spence guilty. "The Parasite" was not condemned nor forbidden by the censor in England, but was allowed free circulation there. Why then should the facts regarding the liquor traffic in that country not be made known to the people of Canada? There was real warrant for the publication of the book in Canada because we were sending thousands of our young men to England They had no conception of the disease, misery and death due to the liquor traffic there and it was necessary to warn them of the evils to which they would be exposed. There is a tendency among some people to be more loyal than the King, and it will be charitable to conclude that some such feeling influenced the censor in forbidding the publication of the book. The decision of the Magistrate may be law, but it is far from justice.—Globe.

Daylight Service from Napanee to Westport-Brockville branch.

Canadian National train leaves Napanee 1.35 p.m. daily except Sunday for Ottawa and points East. Will connect at Forfar with the Westport train for Delta and Athens, arriving Brockville 6.45 p.m.

21-c

New Dry Goods Store opened in the Blewitt block, next door to the Dominion Bank, John street. Our stock includes Womens' and Mens Ready-to-wear, Boots and Shoes, Gloves, Hats, etc. Our motto is small profits and quick sales. A call solicited.

FORD'S, Blewitt Block,
18 dp. Napanee.

BUY W.S.S. WAR SAVING STAMPS

Sale of

Women's Suits for Saturday, May 10

Silk and Serge | Sale Price $24.95 | Limited Quantity

The Woman who knows when to speak her mind will buy these Suits

We are out to increase our business for the month of May in our Women's Ready-to-Wear Department. And in order to help accomplish our purpose we are placing these twenty-four Suits on sale.

In the group of Sale Suits will be found models exceptionally good for the school girl or the person who can wear Misses' sizes.

These suits are developed in most cases from good dependable serges which will give wear, and give solid satisfactory service. The styles are correct in every detail from the top of the collar to the hem of the skirt. Linings are in silk and mercerized twills in half and complete lengths. Buttons, braid, pockets and over-collars are added for use and ornamentation. Choose from these colors: Navy, Copen, Black, Grey.

Sizes range as 14, 16, 18, 20, 36, 38, 40, 41, 45.

Regular prices were $26.50 28.00, 30.00, 31.50, 33.50 Sale price is $24.95

WE SOLICIT YOUR PATRONAGE WITH MERIT AND SERVICE—ROBINSON'S

EXQUISITE NEW FASHIONS IN DRESSES
A REMARKABLY CLEVER ASSORTMENT

In this noteworthy collection are clever new models which are marked by the luxury and beauty of Fabrics and winsome in their refreshing newness of modelling. Silhoutte and Ornamentation. Emphasized this season are artistic drape, odd Tunics, smart Panels, portraying many new feminine style graces. Featured are models of engaging simplicity as well as those lavishly ornamented.

TAUPE GEORGETTE DRESS
Modestly Priced

A chic, individualized dress which is new in stock is made from Taupe Georgette. The round neck line is finished in back with collar. The sleeves are full length. The bodice is ornamented with Steel Beads in an unusual design. Hague Blue Georgette trims cuffs and collars. The Skirt is perfectly plain save one wide tuck mid-way hem and band. A ten inch hem completes dress. **Priced to clear, $40.00.**

COPEN SILK TAFFETA, Specially priced to-day $37.50

This Dress is particularly distinguished by its cleverness of design. The collarless neck is ornamented by a touch of pearl grey satin. The Sleeves are full length and bell shape. An apron-like panel, which is beautifully embroidered, decorates the front. A wide Taffeta Girdle, finished with a large bow, is placed at waist line. The Skirt is "Caught in" at bottom and shirred on a cord.

We have only mentioned two, we might have taken up the whole page describing our other dresses but we think we have sufficiently demonstrated our capability of supplying you with Ready-made Dresses for any occasion at a price which is consistent with good merchandise and well within your dress appropriation. **Then you have the satisfaction of seeing a finished garment before you buy.**

MAY THE MONTH FOR THE CHILDREN—FITTING THEM UP IN SUMMER WEARABLES

Our Children's Ready-to-Wear Section is not a huge building, nor is it a huge section on our Women's Wear floor, but contrary it is of sufficient size to splendidly look after the wants of the little folk. Small it may be in size but magnificent it is in the mission it accomplishes, serving the children with clothes and saving mother time and worry.

Spring Coats are in demand these days and a right smart assortment is here to greet you. Coats which are especially good for school wear are very specially priced. With the coming of warm sun shiny days, a change to summer weight clothing will be a necessity. Before starting to make or buy we urge you to see our range of Children's Dresses for **"Dress up"** and **"Every Day"** Wear. For rainy days they will need Coats of Protection. Raincoats in neat check patterns, with hats to match, have been provided.

Pull over and Coat Style Sweaters are also obtainable in good qualities and pleasing colors.

WE ARE FIRST IN STYLE—FIRST IN VALUE—FIRST IN SERVICE

For Motoring what a comfort it is to have your hat stay on

These days of the automobile it is most important to have your millinery correctly shaped and properly fitted. Besides, too, a hat which will stay on is much more becoming and dignified. Our hats possess originality in design and individuality in Style and Trimmings which are true essentials that every woman wants when purchasing a new hat. Price we leave out of it, for in planning your requirements we have bought and prepared hats so that every person may have a new one this year. Price is also left out of the transaction when shopping here as the same courteous, efficient attention is given whether you bring in a hat to be retrimmed or whether you buy the best we have in the place—ROBINSON'S unequalled Millinery Service.

PROMPT DELIVERY---FREE.

One feature that will attract you to our MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT is that we deliver your order free of charge and as promptly as transportation in the country will warrant.
If it is necessary for you to send out of town for Merchandise we would appreciate your patronage.
We carry a complete line of DRESS AND STAPLE GOODS, NOTIONS, MEN'S CLOTHING and HABERDASHERY, HOUSE FURNISHINGS, Women's and Misses READY-TO-WEAR and MILLINERY.
Our Merchandise, Quality considered, is exceptionally low priced. Give us a TRIAL ORDER.

The Woman who knows Values will buy her Hosiery here this Season.

The Woman who has to do the family mending will naturally look for Stockings which will wear, and we guarantee that our various lines will outwear anything that you can secure anywhere at an even price. To secure Merchandise of this merit it has been necessary for us to search the markets carefully, consequently we have no hesitation in saying that our values are unsurpassable from any view point. Hosiery week is swinging into a world breaking stride. Many women have purchased their immediate and future requirements. Line yourself up with the wearers of good Hosiery—

Buy ROBINSON'S—Save Money and stop darning.

SILK AND LISLE HOSE

Women's Pure Silk Hose, with Lisle top, double Lisle heel and toes, colors White, Black, Cordovan, Sand, Smoke, Grey, at **$2.00, $2.25 a pair.** Radium Silk Hose, with Lisle top, Lisle heel and toe, colors, Black, White, Smoke, Cordovan, **at $1.50 a pair.** Fibre Silk Hose, with double Lisle top, double Silk sole, in colors Cordovan, Silver, Smoke, Navy, Pongee, Black, White, **$1.25 a pair.** Mercury Lisle Hose, full fashioned, seamless, in colors Brown and Taupe, at **75 cents, $1.00 a pair.** Mercerized Lisle Hose, in White and Black, all sizes, **50 cents a pair.** Plain Lisle, all sizes, **39 cents a pair.**

Children's Mercerized ribbed Lisle Hose, sizes 5 to 9, colors Black and White, **at 65 cents a pair.** Boys' heavy ribbed Cotton Hose in black, sizes 6 to 10, prices range **50 to 75 cents** a pair. Boys' and Girls' fine Ribbed Cotton Hose in Black and White, all sizes, **at 35 cents a pair.**

A WONDERFUL ARRAY OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL WINDOW CURTAINS
Some of which are described herein.

No. 1899—Fine Marquisette Curtain, 2½ yards long, guipure lace edged, hemstitching one and a half inches from edge, silk worked spray in lower corner. **Only $5.75 a pair.** (Ivory only)

No. 650—New York Marquisette Curtain, St. Gall edge, three hand drawn stripes, hand embroidered, square Egyptian motif insert, and hemstitched, Ivory or Ecru, **$6.95 per pair,** presenting the last word in artistic Curtain designing.

No. C1714—Fine Ivory sheer silky Marquisette Curtain, lace and insertion trimmed, 2½ yards long, only **$4.50 per pair.**

Curtains of Voile like Scrim at **$2.00, $2.50, $2.75, $6.00, $3.25 $3.50, and $3.95 per pair.** Nearly always in Ivory with a very few Ecru Curtains. Very similar designs to the better Curtains.

All of our Marquisette Curtains are full factory shrunk, laundee beautifully, and require no stretching. Next to the beauty of design and their simplicity, this probably explains their exceeding popularity.

CURTAIN MATERIALS BY THE YARD

In nearly every desirable weave and width—**Marquisette, Madras Filet, Bungalow Net, Nottingham, Dotted Muslin, etc., etc.**

See the new Madranet for Over Curtains, gold ground, with blue birds and flowers. Soft, warm Grey ground, Rose, Green and Blue pattern and birds, 35 inches wide, only **70 cents per yard.**

A Money Saving Opportunity to buy Art Blinds

120 new Art Blinds, worth up to $1.40 each, but slightly imperfect, full size, 37 inches by 6 feet, good spring rollers, **Sale price, while they last, 69 cents each.**

Art Blinds in stock in many sizes and all wanted colors, and combinations, either plain or insertion trimmed. All regular stock blinds cut to your measurements **free of charge.**

Wilton, Axminster, Brussels and Tapestry Rugs in great variety and at moderate prices.—We invite you to inspect our Stock.

Congoleum Rugs
Electric Vacuum Cleaners
Hand Cleaners (Combination)
Linoleums, 2 and 4 yards wide
Congoleum by the yd. 2 and 3 yards wide
Neponset Floor Covering
Synola Guaranteed Floor Covering

BUY W.S.S. WAR SAVING STAMPS

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

BUY W.S.S. WAR SAVING STAMPS